FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT

**DECEMBER 31, 2016** 

FOR THE YEAR ENDED December 31, 2016

## TOWN COUNCIL

Steve Carver	_	Mayor
Richard Mayne	_	Mayor Pro-Tem
Tom Edwards	_	Council Member
Chris Estes	_	Council Member
Pam Schultz	_	Council Member
Marisa Sato	_	Council Member
Chris Huffman	<u> </u>	Council member

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The Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Gypsum, Colorado

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, as well as each fiduciary fund type of the Town of Gypsum, Colorado, as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town of Gypsum's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and each fiduciary fund type of the Town of Gypsum as of December 31, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, listed as required supplementary information in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with accounting standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance thereon.

#### Other Information

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Gypsum's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and the County, Cities and Towns Annual Statement of Receipts and Expenditures for Roads, Bridges and Streets, which are listed as Other Supplemental Information in the table of contents are for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material aspects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

HAYS, MAGGARD & HOOD, P.C.

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Glenwood Springs, Colorado

July 21, 2017

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Town of Gypsum was organized in 1911, under provisions of Colorado State Statutes. The provisions of its home rule charter that was adopted in 1982 currently govern the town. The Town operates under a Council-Mayoral form of government and provides the following services: general and administrative services, planning and zoning, building inspection, capital improvements, streets and alleys, parks and recreation, golf course operations, trash removal, and water and sewer systems. An elected Mayor and Town Council govern the Town and are responsible for setting policy, appointing administrative personnel and adopting an annual budget in accordance with state statutes.

The discussion and analysis of the Town of Gypsum's financial performance provides an overall review of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the Town's financial performance as a whole; it should be read in conjunction with the basic financial statements and notes to enhance the reader's understanding of the Town's overall financial performance.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

- In total, the Town's *overall* net position increased \$526,278 or 0.6%, from the previous fiscal year.
- The Town's *overall* General Revenues accounted for \$6,657,842 or 51% of all revenues. These general revenues include taxes, grants and entitlements not restricted to specific programs, and general interest and other revenues not related to specific programs. Program specific revenues, in the form of charges for services and sales, as well as program specific grants and contributions, accounted for \$6,553,412 or 49% of the Town's total revenues of \$13,211,254.
- Overall the Town had \$12,684,976 in expenses, of which \$6,553,412 were offset by program specific charges for services and sales, grants and contributions, as well as program specific grants and contributions.
- In the Town's business-type (utility enterprise) activities, fiscal year revenues exceeded expenses by \$785,507 thus increasing the activity's net position to \$50,199,622.

#### USING THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and other supplementary information. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Town of Gypsum as a financial whole, or as an entire operating activity. The basic financial statements include two types of information on the same statement that present different views of the Town.

- Government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.
- Fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Town government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Additional supplemental information has also been included to enhance the readers understanding of the report.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### REPORTING THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

#### **Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities**

While this report contains all funds used by the Town to provide programs and activities, the view of the Town as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during the current fiscal year?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting system used by most private sector companies. The bases of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash was received or paid.

The focus of these government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the Town. These financial statements are constructed around the concept of a primary government, the Town, except for fiduciary funds. The statement of net position and statement of activities provide information about the activities of the whole Town, presenting both an aggregate view of the Town's finances and a longer-term view of those finances.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the Town's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it identifies whether the financial position of the Town has improved or diminished for the Town as a whole. The cause of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Nonfinancial factors include the Town's property tax base, current property tax laws, statutorily required reserves, facility conditions, and other factors.

In the statement of net position and the statement of activities, the Town is divided into two distinct kinds of activities:

**Governmental Activities** – Governmental activities are generally financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. Most of the Town's programs and services are reported here including general government activities, community development, public safety, streets and public works, culture and recreation, as well as debt service charges.

**Business-Type Activities** – Business-type activities are financed by some degree by charging external parties for the goods or services they acquire. The Town's enterprise funds for water, sewer and sanitation utilities are reported as business-type activities as the service is provided on a charge for goods or services basis to recover the expenses of the goods and services provided.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about each of the Town's major funds. For the Town of Gypsum, the General Fund is the most significant fund. The Town uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. The Town's major governmental funds include the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds (which are the Conservation Trust Fund and the Parks and Recreation Fund). The Town's proprietary, or enterprise, funds include the Water Fund, the Sewer Fund and the Sanitation Fund. The remaining fiduciary (Agency Fund) statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the reporting entity. Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the Town rather than the Town as a whole. Except for the General Fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS -- CONTINUED

The Town's fund financial statements are divided into three broad categories; namely (1) governmental funds; (2) proprietary funds; and, (3) fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds – The Town's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how monies flow into and out of those funds and the balances left at fiscal year-end for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship, or differences, between governmental activities reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities and the governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements. The Town maintains the following governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – used to account for resources traditionally associated with government which are not required legally or by sound financial management to be account for in another fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – used to account for proceeds of resources that are restricted or committed for purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The special revenue funds include the following:

<u>Conservation Trust Fund</u> – accounts for funds received and restricted as to use in parks and recreation acquisition, development and maintenance pursuant to Colorado Revised Statutes.

<u>Parks and Recreation Fund</u> – accounts for funds used for expenditure for parks and recreation, including the Town's golf course, as well as sales tax revenue restricted to debt service related to the construction of the Recreation Center.

**Proprietary Funds** – The enterprise funds use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities; therefore, these statements are essentially the same. These funds are established to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private enterprise, where the intent is that costs of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. The proprietary (enterprise) funds include the following:

Water Fund – accounts for activities related to water services to the citizens of the Town.

<u>Sewer Fund</u> – accounts for activities related to the sewage treatment facilities and sewage transmission lines.

Sanitation Fund – accounts for activities related to trash collection and disposal.

**Fiduciary Funds** – Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, or other governmental units and funds. The fiduciary funds include the following.

<u>Agency Funds</u> – One agency fund accounts for the special assessment levies and bond issues for the Spring Creek Special Improvement District. The special assessment bonds payable are not obligations of the Town, but obligations of the property owners in the improvement districts. A lien has been placed on each property to secure the bonds. The final payment on the bonds was made in 2015. A second agency fund accounts for monies maintained by the Town on behalf of the Gypsum Recreation Center Capital Committee. The committee is made up of members from the Town of Gypsum and the Western Eagle County Metropolitan Recreation District, but is fiscally independent of these two governmental entities. The monies are used for ongoing capital maintenance and improvement of the Gypsum Recreation Center as approved by the committee.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

The perspective of the statement of net position is of the Town as a whole. Following is a summary of the Town's net position for the current and prior fiscal year.

		nmental	Business-Type				
(In Thousands)	Acti	vities	<u>Activities</u>		To	Total	
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015	
ASSETS:							
Current and Other Assets	\$ 4,807	\$ 4,901	\$ 6,143	\$ 3,887	\$ 10,950	\$ 8,788	
Other Non-Current Assets	-	-	201	208	201	208	
Restricted Cash	235	581	352	336	587	917	
Capital Assets, Net	39,289	39,236	49,175	48,870	88,464	88,106	
Deferred Outflows of							
Resources			22	32	22	32	
Total Assets –							
<b>Deferred Outflows</b>	44,331	44,718	55,893	53,333	100,224	98,051	
LIABILITIES:							
Current & Other Liabilities	1,465	1,477	1,647	1,759	3,112	3,236	
Long-term Liabilities	2,247	2,361	4,046	2,160	6,293	4,521	
Total Liabilities	3,712	3,838	5,693	3,919	9,405	7,757	
Total Liabilities	3,712				<u> </u>	1,131	
DEFERRED INFLOWS							
OF RESOURCES:							
Property Taxes	594	595	_	_	594	595	
Total Deferred Inflows	594	595			594	595	
Total Beleffed Inflows							
NET POSITION:							
Invested in Capital Assets,							
Net of Related Debt	37,165	36,724	44,806	46,396	81,971	83,120	
Restricted	505	1,125	352	336	857	1,461	
Unrestricted	2,355	2,436	5,042	2,682	7,397	5,118	
Total Net Position	\$ 40,025	\$ 40,285	\$ 50,200	\$ 49,414	\$ 90,225	\$ 89,699	
	,			,		,	

The Town's *overall* Net Position increased \$526 thousand from the prior fiscal year. This is a result of \$259 thousand decrease and a \$785 thousand increase in net positions of governmental and business-type activities, respectively. The governmental activities decrease is primarily due to the payment of long-term debt and depreciation expense on capital assets. The business-type activities increase is primarily the result of current year tap fees and developer contributions.

Unrestricted net position increased approximately \$2 million to \$7 million during the current fiscal year. The unrestricted net assets mean that the Town has monies in excess of its existing commitments.

The overall total net position of the Town as of December 31, 2016 was \$90 million. By far, the largest portion of the Town's net position, \$82 million (91%), reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings and improvements, equipment and infrastructure) less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. These capital assets are used to provide services to the Town's citizenry.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### THE TOWN AS A WHOLE -- CONTINUED

The statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services and sales, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The following detail reflects the total cost of services supported by program revenues and general property taxes, unrestricted state entitlements, and other general revenues, resulting in the overall change in net assets for the fiscal year 2016:

	Gover	nmental	Business	-Type		
(In Thousands)	Act	ivities	Activi	Activities		tal
	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
REVENUES:						
Program Revenues:						
Charges for Services/Sales	\$ 1,466	\$ 1,336	\$ 2,252 \$	2,214	\$ 3,718	\$ 3,550
Operating Grants & Contrib.	375	373	-	-	375	373
Capital Grants & Contrib.	1,348	120	1,112	1,239	2,460	1,359
Total Program Revenues	3,189	1,829	3,364	3,453	6,553	5,282
General Revenues and Transf	ers.					
Taxes	6,389	6,309	_	_	6,389	6,309
Intergovernmental Revenue	221	222	_	_	221	222
Interest/Investment Earnings		7	18	6	44	13
Accretion of Bond Premium		238	-	-	1	238
Other General Revenues	_	-	_	_	_	-
(Loss) on Asset Disposals	3	36	_	_	3	36
Total General						
Revenues and Transfers	6,640	6,812	18	6	6,658	6,818
Revenues and Transfers	0,040			<u> </u>		
Total Revenues	9,829	8,641	3,382	3,459	13,211	12,100
PROGRAM EXPENSES:						
General Government	2,596	1,762	_	_	2,596	1,762
Community Development	140	666	_	_	140	666
Public Safety	920	894	_	_	920	894
Streets & Public Works	3,138	2,990	_	_	3,138	2,990
Culture & Recreation	2,684	2,594	_	_	2,684	2,594
Economic Development	498	449	_	_	498	449
Interest - Gen'l Obligations	111	270	_	_	111	270
Other Costs of Debt	1	2	_	_	1	2
Water Utility	-	_	1,279	1,341	1,279	1,341
Sewer Utility	_	_	1,015	1,015	1,015	1,015
Sanitation Utility	_	_	303	277	303	277
Total Expenses	10,088	9,627	2,597	2,633	12,685	12,260
INCREASE (DECREASE)						
IN NET POSITION	\$ (259)	<u>\$ (986)</u>	<u>\$ 785 </u>	826	<u>\$ 526</u>	<u>\$ (160)</u>

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### THE TOWN AS A WHOLE -- CONTINUED

#### **Governmental Activities**

#### Revenues

The Town's governmental activities revenues increased from the prior year primarily due to the receipt of several capital contributions from other local governments toward the purchase of land construction of recreation facilities. Charges for services increased with a rise in building permits, reimbursables, and other miscellaneous revenues as compared to the prior year.

#### Expenses

Program expenses for governmental activities increased approximately \$461 thousand, or 5% from the prior fiscal year. Increases were primarily caused by increases in personal costs, purchase of land and investment in culture and other recreation facilities.

As indicated above, the statement of activities reflects the cost of program services and the charges for services, grants, and contributions offsetting those services. The following table summarizes the information from the statement of activities, reflecting the total cost of program services and the remaining net cost of program services supported by taxes and other general revenues:

	Total Cost of Service			Net Cost of Services				
(In Thousands)		2016		2015		2016		2015
General Government	\$	2,596	\$	1,762	\$	2,418	\$	1,648
Community Development		140		666		(466)		229
Public Safety		920		894		885		858
Streets & Public Works		3,138		2,990		2,763		2,617
Culture & Recreation		2,684		2,594		688		1,726
Economic Development		498		449		498		449
Interest - General Obligation Debt		111		270		111		270
Other Costs of Long-term Debt		1		2		1		2
Total Expenses	\$	10,088	\$	9,627	<u>\$</u>	6,898	\$	7,799

The dependence on general revenues for governmental activities is apparent. Approximately 68% of fiscal 2016 program services were supported through taxes and other general revenues, and 81% in 2015.

**Business-Type Activities** – The results of operations of the business-type activity indicate that the utility funds are generating enough revenues to be self-sustaining without assistance from the general fund:

(In Thousands)	Fiscal Year 2016	Fiscal Year 2015
Operating Revenues Capital Grants and Contributions General Revenues Total Revenues	\$ 2,252 888 18 3,158	\$ 2,214 827 6 3,047
Operating and Interest Expenses	2,597	2,633
Net Income (Loss), Before Capital Contributions	561	414
Infrastructure Capital Contributions	224	412
Net Income (Loss)	<u>\$ 785</u>	\$ 826

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### THE TOWN'S FUNDS

#### **Governmental Funds**

The governmental fund level financial statements focus on how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The governmental fund level financial statements are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. At the fund level, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, depreciable assets and their related depreciation expense are not reflected as they are not a current period financial resource or use. In addition, at the fund level, inflows from operating loans are presented as a revenue item while outflows for capital outlay and debt service principal payments are presented as an expenditure item, as these items represent current period financial resources and uses.

The General Fund ending fund balance decreased from \$3,428,941 to \$3,060,222 during the current fiscal year. The net decrease of \$368,719 represents the excess of current period expenditures (financial uses) over current period revenues (financial resources). The ending fund balance in the amount of \$3,060,222, which includes \$593,638 of reserves, is the amount of net resources available for future spending. Most financial resources are from taxes and intergovernmental revenues from state and county taxes.

The Conservation Trust Fund ending fund balance decreased from \$294,725 to \$10,717 during the current fiscal year. The net decrease of \$284,004 represents the excess of current period expenditures (financial uses) over current period revenues (financial resources). The ending fund balance of \$10,717 is the amount of net resources available for future spending. The majority of financial resources are intergovernmental revenues from state lottery proceeds.

The Parks and Recreation ending fund balance increased from \$56,572 to \$210,567 during the current fiscal year. The net increase of \$210,567 represents the excess over current period revenues (financial resources) of current period expenditures (financial uses). The ending fund balance of \$210,567 includes non-spendable items that total \$14,613 leaving undesignated net resources available for future spending in the amount of \$252,526.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

The proprietary fund level financial statements, as discussed above, use the same basis of accounting as business-type activities.

The Water Enterprise Fund ending net position increased from \$34,770,574 to \$35,318,631.

The Sewer Enterprise Fund ending net position increased from \$14,344,973 to \$14,578,412.

The Sanitation Enterprise Fund ending net position increased from \$298,568 to \$302,579.

Positive changes in net position reflect that the enterprise funds are currently generating enough operating and non-operating revenues to offset current year operating and non-operating expenses, while negative changes in net assets indicate that they are not. The net assets of the enterprise activities represent the amount of net resources, including capital assets, available to provide future utility services to the general public of the Town of Gypsum. Certain net assets have been restricted for future debt service in the Water Fund (\$16,513) and (\$335,500) in the Sewer Fund. Unrestricted net assets, those not restricted or invested in capital assets, that are available for future spending are \$2,729,589 in the Water Fund; \$2,091,548 in the Sewer Fund; and \$221,030 in the Sanitation Fund.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS

The Town's procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements is summarized in *Note* I(E) of the financial statements. Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) with the exception of the Proprietary (Enterprise) Funds. The reconciliation of the budgetary differences of the Proprietary Fund to GAAP is found in *Note* I(E).

The budgeting system of the Town uses a line-item based budget, which is designed to control line-item expenditures, but provide flexibility for overall budgetary management. During the course of fiscal 2016, the Town amended its General Fund budget. During 2016, the general fund original budget appropriation in the amount of \$8,507,734 was increased by \$1,000,488 to the final budget appropriation of \$9,508,222 to more accurately reflect anticipated year-end use of available general fund resources.

#### General Fund Resources (Inflows)

The Town's General Fund budgetary revenues and other financing sources in the amount of \$9,051,373 exceeded budgetary expectations of \$8,506,086 by \$545,287. One of the most significant causes of the positive variance was created by the acceptance of funds from Eagle County to purchase land for future community recreation development. Further detail of individual line-item revenues for the general fund can be found in the 'Other Supplemental Information' section following the notes to the financial statements.

#### General Fund Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)

The Town's General Fund budgetary expenditures and other financing uses of \$9,420,092 were \$88,130 less than the final appropriated fund balance of \$9,508,222. This positive variance primarily resulted from unexpended amounts for streets and public works maintenance expenditures and overall capital outlay. Further detail of individual line-item expenditures for the general fund can be found in the 'Other Supplemental Information' section following the notes to the financial statements.

The Town Council and the Town's management continue to strive to budget appropriate amounts for each individual line item. This year's overall savings are indicative of the efforts to provide services in the most economical manner. This year's savings will have a positive impact on future year's fund balances.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2016, the Town had a total of \$88,464,308 in capital assets, consisting of \$39,289,156 in governmental activities and \$49,175,152 in business-type activities. The following reflects the balances of fiscal year 2016 compared to fiscal year 2015:

(In Thousands)	Govern Acti	mental vities		Business-Type Activities		al
Net of Depreciation:	2016	2015	2016	2015	2016	2015
Land	\$ 6,571	\$ 5,725	\$ 176	\$ 176	\$ 6,747	\$ 5,901
Water Rights	-	-	8,146	8,146	8,146	8,146
Construction-in-Progress	649	115	5,931	5,376	6,580	5,491
Buildings	14,421	14,302	60	63	14,481	14,365
Lines, Meters, Plant	-	-	34,724	34,921	34,724	34,921
Improvements	1,379	1,310	-	-	1,379	1,310
Equipment & Furniture	592	593	138	188	730	781
Ballfields	274	254	-	-	274	254
Infrastructure	15,403	16,937			15,403	16,937
Total Capital Assets	\$ 39,289	\$ 39,236	\$ 49,175	<u>\$ 48,870</u>	<u>\$ 88,464</u> <u>\$</u>	88,106

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### Debt

At December 31, 2016 the Town had a total of \$6,728,060 of outstanding long-term obligations, of which \$2,358,350 is carried in governmental activities and \$4,369,710 is carried in business-type activities. Additional information regarding debt service requirements is found in *Note* 5 of the financial statements.

#### **MAJOR INITIATIVES**

In 2013, the Town was approved by the CWCB for a loan to be used for the construction of L.E.D.E. Ditch & Reservoir Upgrade project, located in Eagle County, in the amount of \$2,690,000 with an estimated construction cost of \$5,020,000. The Town seeks to recover capacity to accommodate continued agricultural irrigation, and for future water supplies to Gypsum Creek and the Town. The reservoir is located at the headwaters of Gypsum Creek and is a good source of augmentation water. Irrigation in the Gypsum Valley often depletes Gypsum Creek and the Town relies on the Reservoir to augment its other water right. The reservoir will become even more important as the Town's population continues to increase. The project is anticipated to be complete in 2017.

The Town has a contractual obligation to provide L.E.D.E. water for agricultural purposes in the Gypsum Valley. In addition, the reservoir has aging infrastructure that require repairs to comply with state dam safety regulations. The Town wishes to repair and improve the Reservoir to utilize its potential and to protect senior storage rights.

The available water supply in the Gypsum Creek headwaters is estimated at 1,160 AF annually as determined in a hydrologic yield analysis conducted from 2002 to 2006. Demands on irrigation and increased population were also examined, with a conclusion that expanding capacity in the ditch and reservoir is desired. The Town made a significant investment in the water rights and seeks to preserve the full value of those water rights by ensuring maximum beneficial use.

#### CURRENT ISSUES, ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

Since 1990 the Town's population has increased from 1,750 to approximately 6,500. Although this growth has benefited the Town's financial position, the Town continues to seek ways to improve the quality and quantity of the services provided to the citizens of the Town of Gypsum. Sales and use tax revenue increased in 2016 when compared to 2015 by 1.8%. Sales tax collections at the airport is a major source of the Town's sales tax revenues and are heavily influenced by both weather and overall economic conditions. Sales and use tax continue to be a principal source of the Town's governmental revenues, accounting for 73% of the General Fund revenues in 2016. In 2016, the Town's real estate transfer tax collections decreased by \$79,734, or 10%, from 2015. The Town expects to see increases in both sales and use tax and real estate transfer taxes in 2017. Enterprise activities will continue to rely on charges for services.

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

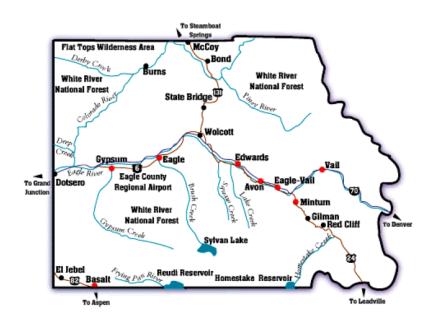
For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

#### CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our residents, customers, taxpayers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions regarding this report or need additional information, please contact the:

Town Gypsum, Colorado P.O. Box 130 Gypsum, CO 81637 Phone: (970) 524-7514

Fax: (970) 524-7522





# TOWN OF GYPSUM, COLORADO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

December 31, 2016

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities		Totals
Current Assets:						
Cash and Investments	\$	3,742,801	\$	5,780,473	\$	9,523,274
Receivables:						
Property Taxes		593,864		-		593,864
Accounts Receivable		388,602		286,974		675,576
Intergovernmental		63,058		-		63,058
Developer Reimbursements		4,102		-		4,102
Other Receivables		-		75,545		75,545
Prepaid Expenses		-		-		-
Other Assets		14,613				14,613
Total Current Assets		4,807,040		6,142,992		10,950,032
Non-Current Assets:						
Restricted Cash Balance		234,810		352,013		586,823
Prepaid Water Purchase Lease Costs		-		201,050		201,050
Capital Assets:						
Non-Depreciable		7,220,234		14,252,320		21,472,554
Depreciable, Net		32,068,922		34,922,832		66,991,754
Total Non-Current Assets		39,523,966		49,728,215		89,252,181
Deferred Outflow of Resources:						
Bond Series 2009-Loss on Refunding				21,671		21,671
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		_		21,671		21,671
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED						
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		44,331,006		55,892,878		100,223,884
Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable		752,935		123,284		876,219
Accrued Interest Payable		9,117		17,457		26,574
Accrued Wages & Related Expenses		75,375		12,214		87,589
Accrued Vacation & Sick Pay		238,366		88,551		326,917
Other Liabilities		277,496		-		277,496
Unearned Revenue		-		1,082,040		1,082,040
Long-term Debt:				, ,		, ,
Portion Due or Payable within One Year:						
Leases Payable		31,083		-		31,083
Certificates of Participation – Net of Premium		80,725		10,691		91,416
Bonds Payable		-		313,157		313,157
Portion Due or Payable after One Year:						
Intergovernmental Loan		-		2,689,731		2,689,731
Lease Payable		56,766		-		56,766
Certification of Participation-Net of Premium		2,189,776		289,497		2,479,273
Bonds Payable-Net of Premium		<u> </u>		1,066,634		1,066,634
Total Liabilities		3,711,639	· · · · ·	5,693,256		9,404,895
Deferred Inflow of Resources:		_				_
From Property Taxes		593,864		_		593,864
Total Deferred Inflow of Resources		593,864		_		593,864
		373,004		<del></del>		373,004
Net Position		27.165.616		44.005.440		01.071.050
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt		37,165,616		44,805,442		81,971,058
Restricted for Emergencies		270,000		252.012		270,000
Restricted – Other (see <i>Note 1R</i> ) Unrestricted		234,810 2,355,077		352,013 5,042,167		586,823 7,397,244
	<b>c</b>		Φ		Φ	
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u> </u>	40,025,503	<u>\$</u>	510,199,622	<u>\$</u>	90,225,125

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Fiscal Year Ended December 31, 2016

		PROGRAM REVENUES				
		Charges	Operating	Capital		
		For Services	Grants and	Grants and		
	EXPENSES	and Sales	Contributions	Contributions		
FUNCTION/PROGRAM ACTIVITIES						
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT						
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
General Government	\$ 2,596,187	\$ 177,905	\$ -	\$ -		
Community Development	139,570	406,658	-	198,998		
Public Safety	920,302	35,236	-	-		
Streets and Public Works	3,137,929	-	374,725	-		
Culture and Recreation	2,683,944	846,567	-	1,149,090		
Economic Development	497,661	_	-	-		
Interest on General Long-term Debt	110,822	-	-	-		
Other Costs of General Long-term Debt	1,500		<u> </u>			
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	10,087,915	1,466,366	374,725	1,348,088		
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:						
Water Utility	1,278,863	1,115,276	-	703,791		
Sewer Utility	1,014,847	830,713	-	408,124		
Sanitation Utility	303,351	306,329				
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	2,597,061	2,252,318		1,111,915		
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 12,684,976	\$ 3,718,684	\$ 374,725	\$ 2,460,003		

#### **GENERAL REVENUES:**

Taxes:

Property Taxes, Levied For General Purposes

Specific Ownership Taxes, for General Purposes

Sales and Use Tax

Franchise Tax

Real-Estate Transfer Tax

Grants and Entitlements Not Restricted to Specific Programs:

 $Intergovernmental-County\ Sales\ Tax$ 

Intergovernmental – Cigarette Tax

Unrestricted Interest and Investment Earnings

Accretion of Bond Premium

Miscellaneous

Gain/(Loss) on Asset Disposition

**Total General Revenues** 

Change in Net Position

NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR

NET POSITION - END OF YEAR

# NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	<u>Total</u>
\$ (2,418,282)	-	\$ (2,418,242)
466,086	-	466,086
(885,066)	-	(885,066)
(2,763,204)	-	(2,763,204)
(688,287)	-	(688,287)
(497,661)	-	(497,661)
(110,822)	=	(110,822)
(1,500)	-	(1,500)
(6,898,736)	_	(6,898,736)
-	\$ 540,204	540,204
-	223,990	223,990
-	2,978	2,978
-	767,172	767,172
(6,898,736)	767,172	(6,131,564)
593,718	-	593,718
28,205	-	28,205
4,819,338	-	4,819,338
243,941	-	243,941
703,291	-	703,291
203,234	_	203,234
17,515	=	17,515
26,306	18,335	44,641
1,259	-	1,259
-	-	-
2,700		2,700
6,639,507	18,335	6,657,842
(259,229)	785,507	526,278
40,284,732	49,414,115	89,698,847
\$ 40,025,503	\$ 50,199,622	\$ 90,225,125



# TOWN OF GYPSUM, COLORADO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2016

		General Fund	Conservation Trust Fund		Parks and Recreation	
ASSETS:						
Cash and Investments	\$	3,696,421	\$	10,717	\$	270,473
Receivables – Net:		<b>703</b> 054				
Property Taxes		593,864		-		-
Accounts Receivable		384,929		-		3,673
Intergovernmental Receivable		63,058		-		-
Prepaid Expenses		-		-		-
Other Assets						14,613
Total Assets	\$	4,738,272	\$	10,717	\$	288,759
LIADH ITHEC DEEEDDED INELOWGOE						
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	737,432	\$		\$	15,503
Accounts rayable Accrued Wages &	Ф	131,432	φ	-	φ	13,303
Related Expenses		69,258				6,117
Other Liabilities		277,496		-		0,117
Other Elabilities		277,490		<del>-</del>		<del>-</del>
Total Liabilities		1,084,186		<u>-</u>		21,620
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Unavailable Revenues						
From Property Taxes		593,864		_		_
Trom Troporty Tunes		575,001	-			
Total Deferred Inflows		593,864				
Fund Balances:						
Nonspendable		-		-		14,613
Restricted for -						
Enhancement Fund		2,182		-		-
Conservation Trust		-		10,717		-
Debt Service		221,911		-		-
Emergency Reserves		270,000		-		-
Committed for -		00.545				
Wildlife Mitigation		99,545		-		-
Unassigned		2,466,584		<del>-</del>		252,526
Total Fund Equity		3,060,222		10,717		267,139
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	4,738,272	\$	10,717	\$	288,759

G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	3,977,611
	593,864 388,602 63,058
	14,613
\$	5,037,748
\$	752,935
_	75,375 277,496
	1,105,806
	593,864
	593,864
	14,613
	2,182 10,717 221,911 270,000
	99,545 2,719,110
	3,338,078
\$	5,037,748

### RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES December 31, 2016

#### TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

\$ 3,338,078

39,289,156

Amounts reported for governmental activities on the statement of net position is different because of the following:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.

Governmental Capital Assets \$ 66,398,121 Less Accumulated Depreciation (27,108,965)

Some receivables will be collected in the following year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are not recorded in the governmental funds.

Developer Reimbursements \$ 4,102 4,102

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current year and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds:

Accrued Interest Payable \$ (9,117) Accrued Compensated Absences (238,366) Current Portion of Long-term Liabilities (111,808) (359,291)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current year-end and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. (2,246,542)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES \$ 40,025,503

# TOWN OF GYPSUM, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	General Fund	Conservation Trust Fund	Parks and Recreation
Revenues:			
Taxes Licenses and Permits	\$ 6,609,242 51,606	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	374,725	37,892	-
Charges for Services	73,833	-	738,226
Community Development	1,716,854	-	<del>-</del>
Miscellaneous	196,043	-	-
Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-	2,700
Interest Income	23,065	709	2,532
Total Revenues	9,045,368	38,601	743,458
Expenditures:			
General Government	1,622,970	-	-
Community Development	943,815	-	-
Public Safety	904,263	-	-
Streets and Public Works	1,430,137	-	-
Culture and Recreation	748,985	322,609	992,519
Economic Development	497,661	-	=
Capital Outlay	1,953,261	-	665,789
Debt Service:			
Principal	-	=	79,501
Interest	-	=	112,582
Other Costs	<del>-</del>	<del></del>	1,500
Total Expenditures	8,101,092	322,609	1,851,891
Excess Revenues Over			
(Under) Expenditures	944,276	(284,008)	(1,108,433)
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):			
Transfers from Other Funds	6,005	-	1,319,000
Transfers (to) Other Funds	(1,319,000)	<del>-</del>	<del>-</del>
Excess Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)			
Expenditures and Other Uses	(368,719)	(284,008)	210,567
Fund Balances – Beginning	3,428,941	294,725	56,572
Fund Balances – Ending	\$ 3,060,222	\$ 10,717	\$ 267,139

Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	6,609,242 51,606 412,617 812,059 1,716,854 196,043 2,700 26,306
	9,827,427
	1,622,970 943,815 904,263 1,430,137 2,064,113 497,661 2,619,050
	79,501 112,582
	1,500
	10,275,592
	(448,165)
	1,325,005 (1,319,000)
	(442,160)
	3,780,238
\$	3,338,078

RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the year ended December 31, 2016

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES – TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	(442,160)
Amounts reported for governmental activities on the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:		
Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures and contributed infrastructure is not recorded; however, on the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation. This is the amount by which fixed asset additions exceeded depreciation.		
Capital Outlay \$ 2,454,058 Depreciation (2,400,867)		53,191
The net book value of asset dispositions are not reported in the governmental funds as they are not a current financial use. This is the amount by which the net book value of assets disposed exceeded proceeds, if applicable, in the current year.		-
Premiums on the issuance of long-term debt increase current financial resources to governmental funds; however on the Statement of Activities, the premium is recognized over the refunding term as accretion. This is the amount of accretion in the current year.		1,259
Proceeds from the issuance of long-term debt provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing long-term debt increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position  Current Year Debt Proceeds		
Repayment of Debt 152,845		152,845
Compensated absences not payable from current resources are not reported as expenditures of the current year. In the Statement of Activities, these costs represent expenses of the current year. This is the amount total accrued leave increased this year.		(26,124)
Interest expense is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when due, and this requires the use of current financial resources; however, in the Statement of Activities interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when due. This is the amount by which accrued interest decreased.		1,760
CHANGES IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	(259,229)

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

December 31, 2016

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds					
	Water Sewer Sanitation					
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total		
ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Current Assets:	A 2 440 520	<b>*</b> • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	A 224 - 12 A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Cash and Investments	\$ 3,418,639	\$ 2,127,222	\$ 234,612 \$	5,780,473		
Receivables – Net						
Accounts Receivable	174,695	81,151	31,128	286,974		
Other Receivables	75,545			75,545		
Total Current Assets	3,668,879	2,208,373	265,740	6,142,992		
Non-Current Assets:						
Restricted Cash Balances	16,513	335,500	-	352,013		
Prepaid Water Lease Costs	201,050	=	_	201,050		
Capital Assets, Net of	201,030			201,050		
Accumulated Depreciation	35,562,448	13,531,155	81,549	49,175,152		
Total Non-Current Assets			81,549			
Total Non-Current Assets	35,780,011	13,866,655	81,349	49,728,215		
Deferred Outflow of Resources:						
Bond Series 2009-Loss on Refunding		21,671		21,671		
Total Deferred Outflow of Resources		21,671		21,671		
Total Assets and Deferred						
Outflows of Resources	\$ 39,448,890	\$ 16,096,699	\$ 347,289	\$ 55,892,878		
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND NET POSITION: Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$ 51,230	\$ 38,828	\$ 33,226	\$ 123,284		
Accrued Interest	12,840	4,617	- -	17,457		
Accrued Wages and Related Expenses	6,423	4,161	1,630	12,214		
Accrued Vacation and Sick Pay	42,757	35,940	9,854	88,551		
Unearned Revenue	1,027,090	54,950	-	1,082,040		
Current Maturities of Long-term Debt - Net	10,691	313,157	-	323,848		
Total Current Liabilities	1,151,031	451,653	44,710	1,647,394		
Total Current Elabilities	1,131,031_	451,055	44,710	1,047,394		
Non-Current Liabilities:		1.000.024		1.066.624		
Bonds – Net of Premium	200.407	1,066,634	-	1,066,634		
Certificates of Participation – Net of Premium	289,497	=	-	289,497		
Intergovernmental Loan	2,689,731	<del> </del>		2,689,731		
Total Non-Current Liabilities	2,979,228	1,066,634		4,045,862		
Total Liabilities	4,130,259	1,518,287	44,710	5,693,256		
Net Position: Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Restricted for Debt Service	32,572,529	12,151,364	81,549	44,805,442		
	16,513	335,500	221.020	352,013 5 042 167		
Unrestricted Total Nat Position	2,729,589 25,218,621	2,091,548	<u>221,030</u>	5,042,167		
Total Net Position	35,318,631	14,578,412	302,579	50,199,622		
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position	\$ 39,448,890	\$ 16,096,699	\$ 347,289	\$ 55,892,878		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				
			Sanitation		
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	
OPERATING REVENUES:					
Service Fees	\$ 1,085,768	\$ 829,930	\$ 306,329	\$ 2,222,027	
Other Operating Revenues	29,508	783		30,291	
Total Operating Revenues	1,115,276	830,713	306,329	2,252,318	
OPERATING EXPENSES:					
System Operations:					
Salaries	294,873	163,185	58,874	516,932	
Payroll Taxes	23,326	12,616	4,472	40,414	
Employee Benefits	93,706	47,641	25,846	167,193	
Utilities	40,557	83,947	-	124,504	
Operating Supplies	35,165	16,918	24,237	76,320	
Non-Capitalized Outlay/Repairs	24,218	28,966	-	53,184	
Repairs and Maintenance	42,492	139,011	22,954	204,457	
System Component Upgrades	26,879	-	-	26,879	
Water Purchase	21,601	-	-	21,601	
Landfill Fees	-	-	77,971	77,971	
Eagle River Monitoring	9,000	-	-	9,000	
Depreciation	465,614	370,546	46,600	882,760	
Miscellaneous	5,505	2,075		7,580	
Total System Operations	1,082,936	864,905	260,954	2,208,795	
Administration:					
Salaries	56,533	35,733	26,398	118,664	
Payroll Taxes	4,208	2,693	1,962	8,863	
Employee Benefits	15,475	9,566	7,642	32,683	
Office and Billing	6,583	6,575	6,395	19,553	
Dues and Permits	2,666	-	-	2,666	
Professional Services	95,827	15,566	_	111,393	
Miscellaneous	95,621	602	_	602	
Total Administration	181,292	70,735	42,397	294,424	
Total Operating Expenses	1,264,228	935,640	303,351	2,503,219	
Operating Income (Loss)	(148,952)	(104,927)	2,978	(250,901)	
			<del></del>		
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):					
Tap Fees	320,267	379,120	-	699,387	
Developer Contributions	205,894	29,004	-	234,898	
Dedication Fees	140,130	-	-	140,130	
Interest Income	7,853	9,449	1,033	18,335	
Interest Expense	(14,635)	(79,207)		(93,842)	
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	659,509	338,366	1,033	998,908	
Income (Loss) Before Capital Contributions	510,557	233,439	4,011	748,007	
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	37,500		<del>-</del>	37,500	
Change in Net Position	548,057	233,439	4,011	785,507	
Net Position – Beginning	34,770,574	14,344,973	298,568	49,414,115	
Net Position – Ending	\$ 35,318,631	\$14,578,412	\$ 302,579	\$ 50,199,622	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds				
	Water	Sewer	Sanitation		
	Fund	Fund	Fund Total		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	Ф. 1.112 <i>П</i> 26	ф 020.272 ф	205.262		
Cash Received from Customers	\$ 1,112,736		305,362 \$ 2,246,370		
Cash Payments for Goods and Services	(453,292)	(347,226)	(146,017) (946,535)		
Cash Payments to Employees	(356,394)	(197,186)	(84,289) (637,869)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	303,050	283,860	75,056 661,966		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED					
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:					
Tap Fees	332,867	389,270	- 722,137		
Additions to Property, Plant & Equipment	(1,042,397)	(41,638)	- (1,084,035)		
Developer Contributions	45,490	-	- 45,490		
Water Dedication Fees	238,130	_	- 238,130		
Proceeds from CWCB Loan	2,209,633	_	- 2,209,633		
Principal (Paid) on Long-term Debt	(10,499)	(305,000)	- (315,499)		
Interest (Paid) on Long-term Debt	(162,194)	(67,850)	- (230,044)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital					
and Related Financing Activities	1,611,030	(25,218)	- 1,585,812		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:					
Interest	7,853	9,449	1,033 18,335		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	7,853	9,449	1,033 18,335		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,921,933	268,091	76,089 2,266,113		
Cash at Beginning of Year	1,513,219	2,194,631	158,523 3,866,373		
Cash at End of Year	<u>\$ 3,435,152</u> <u>\$</u>	\$ 2,462,722 \$	234,612 \$ 6,132,486		
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO					
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVIT	TES:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (148,952)	\$ (104,927) \$	2,978 \$ (250,901)		
Non-Cash Expenses Included in Operating Income –	+ (-10,50-)	+ (1,1) +	_,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
Depreciation & Amortization	465,614	370,546	46,600 882,760		
Other Deferred Cost Recognition	7,400	-	- 7,400		
Change in Assets and Liabilities –	.,		,,,,,,		
Decrease (Increase) Receivables	(2,540)	(2,441)	(967) (5,948)		
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	(13,484)	18,950	25,462 30,928		
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Liabilities	(4,988)	1,732	983 (2,273)		
Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Service Revenues		<u> </u>	<u>-                                      </u>		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 303,050	\$ 283,860 \$	75,056 \$ 661,966		
NON-CASH FINANCING ACTIVITY:					
Infrastructure Dedications Accepted	<u>\$ 195,084</u> <u>\$</u>	\$ 29,004 \$	- \$ 224,088		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

#### AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	AGENCY FUNDS					
	*Spring Cr Special Improveme <u>District</u>		Gypsum Recreation Center Capital Committee		Total Agency Funds	
ASSETS:						
Cash Special Assessment Receivable	\$	-	\$	198,089	\$	198,089
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>		\$	198,089	\$	198,089
<u>LIABILITITES:</u>						
Due to Town of Gypsum Funds Held on Behalf of Entity	\$	-	\$	124,075 74,014	\$	124,075 74,014
Total Liabilities	<u>\$</u>	_	\$	198,089	\$	198,089

<sup>\*</sup>Fund closed in 2016, fund balance of \$6,005 transferred to General Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Gypsum are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). Significant accounting policies of the Town of Gypsum are described below.

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Town of Gypsum was organized in 1911, under provisions of the Colorado State Statutes. The provisions of its home rule charter that was adopted in 1982 currently govern the Town. The Town operates under a Council-Mayoral form of government whereby the elected Mayor and Town Council are responsible for setting policy, appointing administrative personnel and adopting an annual budget in accordance with state statutes govern the Town.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has specified the criteria to be used in defining a governmental entity for financial reporting purposes. The reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government; i.e., the Town, and (b) organizations for which the Town is financially accountable. The Town is considered financially accountable for legally separate organizations if it is able to appoint a voting majority of an organization's governing body and is either able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific financial burdens on, the Town. Consideration is also given to other organizations that are fiscally dependent; i.e., unable to adopt a budget, levy taxes, or issue debt without approval by the Town. Organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Town are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete are also included in the reporting entity.

Based on the criteria discussed above, the Town is not financially accountable for any other entity and, therefore, the Town's financial statements do not include any component units, nor do they exclude any potential component units requiring inclusion in the Town's reporting entity, nor is the Town a component unit of any other government. The Town's financial statements include the accounts of all Town operations.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The Town's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Town as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall primary government, excluding fiduciary funds.

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the Town at fiscal year end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the Town's governmental activities.

In the statement of activities, direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and, therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the Town, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from general revenues of the Town.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

During the fiscal year, the Town segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the Town at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds, if applicable, are aggregated and presented in a single column. Enterprise and fiduciary funds are reported by type.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Fund Accounting

Governmental accounting systems are organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures. The Town's funds are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations or limitations based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and by means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds of the Town are outlined in the following paragraphs.

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund balance is available to the Town for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to general statutory laws.

#### Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of special revenue sources that are restricted or committed for purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Conservation Trust Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for revenue from the Colorado Lottery restricted for use in parks and recreation acquisition, development and maintenance pursuant to Colorado Revised Statutes.

Parks and Recreation Fund is a special revenue fund used to account for funds to be expended on parks and recreation, the operations of the Town's golf course and sales tax revenues that are restricted for the retirement of the 2005 revenue bonds (Note 5).

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> – The Water Fund, Sewer Fund and Sanitation Fund are used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises – where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges.

#### FIDUCIARY FUNDS

<u>Agency Funds</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by a governmental unit in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and other governmental units and funds. The Town's agency funds consist of the Spring Creek Special Improvements District and the Gypsum Recreation Center Capital Committee.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. <u>Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting</u>

#### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the *economic resources* measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Town receives value without directly giving equal value in return, consist of property taxes, other taxes and fines and penalties. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the Town are included on the statement of net position.

#### FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

All governmental funds are accounted for using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reflect the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between government-wide and governmental fund statements. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales taxes, highway user taxes, and reimbursements from developers for professional fees.

Taxpayer-assessed local property and specific ownership taxes are considered "measurable" when in the hands of intermediary collecting governments and are recognized as revenue at that time. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for outstanding general long-term liabilities which are reported as expenditures when paid.

Like the government-wide financial statements, the enterprise fund is accounted for using a flow of economic resources measurement focus. This basis of accounting and measurement focus emphasizes the measurement of net income similar to the approach used by commercial enterprises, and revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included on the statement of net position. The statement of changes in revenues, expenses, and changes in net position, presents increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows reflects how the Town finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise fund.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### E. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Town annually adopts budgets for all funds as required by its Home Rule Municipal Charter. This formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds. As required by the Home Rule Charter and Colorado Statutes, the Town follows this timetable in approving and enacting a budget for the ensuing year:

- 1) Prior to August 25, the County Assessor sends the Town the preliminary certified assessed valuation of all taxable property within the Town's boundaries.
- 2) The Mayor, or other qualified persons appointed by the Council, submits to the Council, on or before October 15, a recommended budget which details the necessary property taxes needed along with other available revenues to meet the Town's operating requirements. The Mayor is to submit to the Council a long-range capital program two weeks before the submission of the recommended budget.
- 3) The Council holds a public hearing on the proposed budget and capital program no later than 45 days prior to the close of the fiscal year.
- 4) Prior to December 10, the County Assessor sends the Town the final certified assessed valuation of all taxable property within the Town's boundaries.
- 5) Prior to December 15, the Town Council computes and certifies to the County Commissioners a rate of levy that will derive the necessary property taxes as computed in the proposed budget.
- 6) After the required public hearing, the Town Council adopts the proposed budget, by ordinance, prior to December 15. The ordinance adopting the budget also legally appropriates expenditures for the upcoming year.
- After adoption of the budget ordinance, the Town may make, by ordinance, the following changes: (a) supplemental appropriations of revenues to the extent of revenues in excess of the estimated budget; (b) emergency appropriations; and (c) reduction of appropriations for which originally estimated revenues are insufficient. At any time during the year, the Town Council may, by resolution, transfer part or all of any unexpended funds from one department or office to another.
- 8) Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Board approval is required for changes in the total budget of any fund. Budget amounts included in the financial statements are based on the final, legally amended budget.
- 9) Budget appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

The Town legally adopted annual budgets for all of the Town's funds for 2015.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

#### E. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)</u>

During the year the Town amended its budgeted appropriations as follows:

0 : : 1	D ' 1	Increase
Original	Revised	(Decrease)
\$ 8,507,734	\$ 9,508,222	\$ 1,000,488
206,034	322,609	116,575
1,283,349	2,034,681	751,332
996,247	2,069,035	1,072,788
1,771,239	1,034,499	(736,740)
416,520	265,455	(151,065)
4,934	6,005	1,071
	206,034 1,283,349 996,247 1,771,239 416,520	\$ 8,507,734 \$ 9,508,222 206,034 322,609 1,283,349 2,034,681 996,247 2,069,035 1,771,239 1,034,499 416,520 265,455

(The Town does not adopt a budget for the Gypsum Recreation Center Capital Committee Agency Fund)

The budgets for the Governmental Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The budgets for the Enterprise Funds are adopted on a Non-GAAP basis and are reconciled from GAAP basis to budgetary basis as follows:

			Variance
	<b>~</b> .		Favorable
	Budget	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
Water Fund			
Revenues:			
GAAP Operating Revenues	\$ 1,099,059	\$ 1,115,276	\$ 16,217
GAAP Non-Operating Revenues	622,453	674,144	51,691
GAAP Capital Contributions	-	37,500	37,500
Debt Proceeds	2,183,002	2,209,633	26,631
Developer Contributions		(195,084)	(195,084)
Total Budgetary Based			
Revenues	\$ 3,904,514	\$ 3,841,469	\$ (63,045)
P			
Expenses	Φ 014020	ф <b>1 2 4 22 0</b>	Φ (250 200)
GAAP Operating Expenses	\$ 914,020	\$ 1,264,228	\$ (350,208)
GAAP Non-Operating Expenses	14,868	14,635	233
Capital Outlay	1,129,648	1,117,323	12,325
Less Infrastructure Dedications	-	(195,084)	195,084
Debt Retirement	10,499	10,499	-
Amortization of Deferred Premium	-	233	(233)
Amortization of Prepaid Water Lease	-	(7,400)	7,400
Depreciation		(465,614)	465,614
Total Budgetary Based			
Expenses	\$ 2,069,035	\$ 1,738,820	\$ 330,215

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 -<u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)</u>

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (continued)

Sewer Fund	 Budget		Actual	I	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
Revenues:					
GAAP Operating Revenues GAAP Non-Operating Revenues Developer Contributions Total Budgetary Based	\$ 816,293 387,020	\$	830,713 417,573 (29,004)	\$	14,420 30,553 (29,004)
Revenues	\$ 1,203,313	\$	1,219,282	\$	15,969
Expenses: GAAP Operating Expenses GAAP Non-Operating Expenses Capital Outlay Less Infrastructure Dedications Debt Retirement Amortization of Deferred Int/Prem. Depreciation Total Budgetary Based Expenses	\$  601,524 67,975 60,000 - 305,000 - - 1,034,499	\$ <u>\$</u>	935,640 79,207 70,642 (29,004) 305,000 (11,357) (370,546)	\$ 	(334,116) (11,232) (10,642) 29,004 - 11,357 370,546 54,917
Sanitation Fund Revenues:					
GAAP Operating Revenues GAAP Non-Operating Revenues	\$ 308,040 900	\$	306,329 1,033	\$ 	(1,711) 133
Total Budgetary Based Revenues	\$ 308,940	\$	307,362	\$	(1,578)
Expenses: GAAP Operating Expenses GAAP Non-Operating Expenses Capital Outlay Debt Retirement Depreciation and Amortization	\$ 265,455	\$	303,351	\$	(37,896) - - - 46,600
Total Budgetary Based Expenses	\$ 265,455	\$	256,751	\$	8,704

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### F. Cash and Investments

The Town's policy in determining which items are treated as cash equivalents on the statement of cash flows in the Proprietary Funds include all cash, demand deposits, treasury bills and other short-term, highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) that are readily convertible to cash and have original maturities of three months or less.

Investments are reported at fair value which is determined using selected bases. Short-term investments are reported at cost which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last quoted market price. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amounts which reasonably estimates fair value. (See other required disclosures for cash and investments in Note 2.)

#### G. Inventories

The inventory in the Parks and Recreation Fund consists of retail items and is valued at cost, using the First in First out (FIFO) method. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when sold.

#### H. Capital Assets/Depreciation

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost in excess of the capitalization threshold (\$10,000) set by the Town are reported at historical or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building	40 years
Water plant and lines	60 years
Sewer plant and lines	50 years
Water and sewer equipment	5 years
Trash trucks and equipment	5-10 years

On the government-wide statement of activities, governmental funds depreciation expense is included in the various expenses of functions or programs on capital assets that can be specifically identified with a function and for "shared" capital assets generally used by only a few functions that can be specifically identified to those functions. Depreciation expense for capital assets that essentially serve all functions are reported as a separate line in the statement of activities as unallocated depreciation, if applicable (see Note 3).

#### I. <u>Customer Accounts Receivable</u>

The Town considers customer accounts receivable for water, sewer and trash removal service fees to be fully collectible. The Town is empowered to place a lien on real property in the case of nonpayment. Accordingly, no allowance for doubtful accounts is considered necessary.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. Property Taxes Receivable and Deferred Inflows-Unavailable Property Tax Revenues
Property taxes in the State of Colorado are assessed in one year as a lien on the property,
but not collected by the governmental units until the subsequent year. In accordance with
generally accepted accounting principles, the assessed but uncollected property taxes
have been recorded in the accompanying financial statements as a receivable and as
deferred inflow of resources. Taxes levied in one year are collected in the succeeding
year. Thus, taxes certified in 2015 were collected in 2016 and taxes certified in 2016 will
be collected in 2017. Taxes to be collected are due on January 1<sup>st</sup> in the year of
collection; however, they may be paid in either one installment (no later than April 30<sup>th</sup>)
or two equal installments (no later than February 28<sup>th</sup> and June 15<sup>th</sup>) without interest or
penalty. Taxes that are not paid within the prescribed time bear interest at the rate of one
percent (1%) per month until paid. Unpaid amounts and the accrued interest thereon
become delinquent on June 16<sup>th</sup>.

#### K. Proprietary Funds – Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue in the Water Fund arises from prepaid tap and water dedication fees for which the requirements for revenue recognition have not been met.

#### L. <u>Proprietary Funds – Operating Revenues and Expenses</u>

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the enterprise funds. For the Town, these revenues are charges for utility services. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the service that is the primary activity of the enterprise funds.

#### M. <u>Proprietary Funds – Contributed Capital</u>

Grants and contributions in the enterprise funds which may be used for either operations or capital expenditures at the discretion of the Town are recognized as non-operating revenues. If expenditure of funds is the prime factor for determining eligibility for contributed funds, revenue or contributed capital is recognized at the time of making the expenditure.

#### N. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

The Town's policy is to permit employees to accumulate a limited amount of earned but unused vacation and sick leave which will be paid upon separation from Town service, with vacation paid at 100% for all employees and sick leave paid at 50% for employees who have attained five years of service with a maximum payout of 160 hours.

The Town has accrued a liability for sick and vacation pay that has been earned but not taken by Town employees. For governmental funds the liability for compensated absences is in the Statement of Net Positions but not the Fund Statements since it is anticipated that none of the liability will be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The liability for compensated absences has been accrued in the proprietary funds.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### O. Inter-fund Transactions

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities on the government-wide statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues. Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the fund providing services and as expenditures/expenses in the fund receiving services. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as inter-fund transfers. Inter-fund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in the governmental funds and are non-operating revenues/expenses in the enterprise fund. Transfers among funds are provided for as part of the budget process. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements.

#### P. Internal Balances

During the year, the Town may have transactions between funds to finance operations and provide services and to allocate combined cash balances. To the extent that certain transactions or budget transfers between funds have not been paid or received as of year-end, balances of inter-fund amounts receivable or payable are recorded. All inter-fund balances that exist within governmental activities are eliminated on the government-wide statement of net position.

#### Q. <u>Special Improvement Districts</u>

The Town has one Special Improvement District which is reported as an Agency Fund. The district sold special assessment bonds under the Town's name (for which the Town was not obligated, but merely acted as a collecting agent to pay the bonds). Final payment on the bonds was made during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015 and remaining excess funds of \$6,005 were transferred to the General Fund in 2016.

#### R. <u>Net Position and Fund Balances</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified as follows:

Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt – this category groups all capital assets into one component. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding debt balances that are attributable to (already invested in) the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce this category.

Restricted – assets are reported as restricted when limitations on their use change the nature or normal understanding of the availability of the asset. Such constraints are either imposed by creditors, contributors, grantors, laws of other governments, or imposed by various enabling legislation.

*Unrestricted* – represents the amount which is not restricted for any purpose. It is the Town's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### R. Net Position and Fund Balances - *continued*

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balances are classified as follows:

Nonspendable – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either in non-spendable form such as inventory and prepaid expenses, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact such as the corpus of permanently restricted funds to be retained in perpetuity. It also includes the long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, when applicable.

*Restricted* – when constraints are placed on the use of resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Enhancement Fund – Amounts on deposit received from Holy Cross Energy, restricted for use in beautification projects, energy conservation projects, equipment and technology upgrades for schools, scholarship funds, acquisition of open space and/or park land and development thereof, sponsorship of special community events and grounding of overhead electric and other utility lines. At December 31, 2016 a total of \$2,182 was restricted in the General Fund for this purpose.

Conservation Trust – Amounts on deposit received from lottery monies from the State of Colorado restricted for use in the acquisition, development and maintenance of new conservation and recreation sites pursuant to Colorado Revised Statutes. At December 31, 2016 \$10,717 was restricted in the Conservation Trust Fund.

Debt Service – Amounts on deposit restricted for future debt service in accordance with the Town's 2005 bond issue agreement. At December 31, 2016 amounts restricted for Debt Service were \$221,911 in the General Fund, \$16,513 in the Water Fund and \$335,500 in the Sewer Fund.

Emergency Reserves – As discussed in *Note 13*, Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, one of the provisions of which requires local governments to establish an emergency reserve which is calculated at 3% of certain expenditures. These funds may only be expended in cases of emergencies as defined by the amendment, and are used to fund appropriations only after unrestricted resources are depleted. Total Emergency Reserves at December 31, 2016 were \$270,000.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### R. Net Position and Fund Balances - continued

Governmental fund balances - continued:

Committed – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (Town Council). These amounts cannot be changed except by taking the same type of action employed to previously commit these amounts.

Wildlife Mitigation – A 0.1% fee is charged on sales of real estate within specified subdivisions within the Town of Gypsum and is committed for wildlife mitigation impacts.

Assigned – amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent should be expressed by the governing body itself, or a body or official to which the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

*Unassigned* – the residual for the general fund and the parks and recreation fund.

It is the Town's policy to first apply restricted resources when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. Committed and assigned amounts are considered to have been spent first when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which such categories and unassigned amounts are available.

#### S. Use of Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing these financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were used.

#### T. Fair Values of Financial Instruments

GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pool, requires disclosures of fair value information about financial instruments. The Town has a number of financial instruments, including cash and equivalents, receivables, accounts payable, and notes payable, none of which are held for trading purposes. The Town estimates that the fair values of its financial instruments at December 31, 2016, does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### A. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

In order to facilitate the recording of cash transactions and maximize interest earnings, the Town has pooled cash deposits for all funds. The Town maintains accountability for each fund's equity in pooled cash and investments. Interest earnings for combined funds are generally distributed based on monthly cash balances.

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. The eligible depository is required to pledge to the Colorado Division of Banking a pool of collateral having a market value that at all times exceeds 102 percent of uninsured aggregate public deposits. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA, which includes obligations of the United States, the State of Colorado, Local Colorado governments, and obligations secured by first lien mortgages on real property located in the state. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The State Regulatory Commissions for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools. There is no custodial credit risk for public deposits collateralized under PDPA.

It is the policy of the Town to invest public funds in a manner which will provide the highest investment return with the maximum security, meet the daily cash flow demands of the Town, and conform to all federal, state and local statutes governing the investment of public funds. This policy applies to the investment of all financial assets of all funds of the Town over which it exercises financial control. Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. government agency securities, including securities issued by FNMA (Federal National Mortgage Association), GNMA (Governmental National Mortgage Association), FHLMC (Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation), the Federal Farm Credit Bank, the Federal Land Bank, the Export-Import Bank, and by the Tennessee Valley Authority, and certain international agency securities, including the World Bank.
- . General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities, the District of Columbia, and territorial possessions of the U.S. rated in the highest two rating categories by two or more nationally recognized rating agencies.
- . Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- . Certain securities lending agreements
- . Commercial paper
- . Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- . Certain money market funds
- . Guaranteed investment contracts
- . Local government investment pools
- . Investing in the local government's own securities, including certificates of participation and lease obligations.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

The Town's bank deposits were entirely covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC) or collateralized under PDPA in accordance with state statute, and had bank balances of \$3,339,423 of which \$852,353 was covered by FDIC insurance and \$2,487,070 by PDPA as described above.

#### Local Government Investment Pool (ColoTrust)

As of December 31, 2016 the Town had invested \$6,809,821 in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (the Trust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The Trust operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. The Trust offers shares in two portfolios, COLOTRUST PRIME and COLOTRUST PLUS+. Both portfolios may invest in U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities. COLOTRUST PLUS+ may also invest in certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for the Trust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for the Trust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. Substantially all securities owned by COLOTRUST are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. These pools are not required to and are not registered with the SEC. As of December 31, 2016, the Town had \$0 invested in COLOTRUST PRIME, and \$6,809,821 invested in COLOTRUST PLUS+. Investments in local government investment pools are not categorized in terms of custodial credit risk since they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.

#### UMB Bank N.A., Colotrust Plus+

As a requirement of the Service 2010 Certificate of Participation Issue, the Town is required to deposit monies into trust accounts maintained by UMB Bank. The indenture provides for the establishment of various funds and accounts, all of which will be in the custody of the Trustee. A Reserve Fund is required to be maintained in an amount equal to the next required debt service payment. The Trustee, UMB Bank, has elected to invest in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust, an investment vehicle previously described above. As of December 31, 2016 the Town had bank balances of \$221,911 invested COLOTRUST PLUS+ through UMB Bank Corporate Trust Services, a member of the Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC).

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 2 - <u>CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)</u>

#### B. Total Cash and Cash Equivalents

A summary of the Town's cash and cash equivalents at December 31, 2016 (inclusive of Agency Funds) are classified below:

Checking/Money Market	\$ 3,339,423
Local Government Investment Pools	6,809,821
Other Investments	221,911
Total Balances	10,371,155
Cash on Hand	1,350
Net Outstanding Items	(64,318)
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 10,308,187

The above Cash and Cash Equivalents are reported in the accompanying financial statements in the following activities:

Governmental Activities	\$ 4,121,072
Business Type Activities	5,989,026
Fiduciary Activities	198,089
	\$ 10,308,186

Included in cash and cash equivalents are investments rated as follows:

		Fair Value	Credit Rating	Rating Agency
Colotrust (Local Govt				
Investment Pool)	\$	6,809,821	AAAm	Standard & Poors
UMB Corporate Trust S	Serv	rices		
Colotrust	\$	221,911	AAAm	Standard & Poors

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### C. Risk Disclosures

Additional investment and deposit disclosures for credit risk, interest rate risk, and foreign currency risk, as required by GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, are included in the notes below.

To minimize custodial credit risk, or the risk that an insurer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations, state law limits investments to those where the issuer is rated in one of the three highest rating categories by one or more nationally recognized organizations that rate such issuers. The Town has deposits in Colotrust Plus+ with ratings as provided above.

The concentration of credit risk, or the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, occurs when deposits are not diversified. The Town's policy places no limit on the amount the Town may invest in any one issuer; however the Town maintains general guidelines for investments to ensure proper diversification by security type and institution. All investments are issued or explicitly guaranteed by securities of the U.S. government, or insured by the Public Depository Protection Act, or are investments in mutual fund or external investment pools, and therefore are not subject to concentration of credit risk.

Interest rate risk is the extent to which changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Town maintains an investment policy that limits investment maturities to three years as means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates and to avoid undue concentration in any sector of the yield curve. Exceptions to this structure may be allowed where maturities can be structured to accommodate readily identifiable cash flows

The Town was not subject to foreign currency risk as of December 31, 2016.

#### D. Restricted Cash

At December 31, 2016 the Town's had restricted cash balances as follows:

General Fund:		
Enhancement Fund	\$	2,182
2010 Certificates of Participation debt service reserve		221,911
Total Governmental Funds Restricted Cash	\$	224,093
Conservation Trust Fund:		
Conservation Conservation	Φ	10,717
Conscivation	Φ	10,717
	Φ	10,/1/
Water Fund:		
Colorado Conservation Water Board Loan	\$	16,513
	\$	16,513
Sewer Fund:		
2009 Revenue Bonds debt service escrow	\$	335,500
Total Business-Type Activities Restricted Cash	\$	335,500

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 3 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS</u>

#### **Governmental Activities:**

Capital asset activity for Governmental Activities for the year ended December 31, 2016 as as follows:

	Balances			Balances
	01/01/16	Additions	Reductions	12/31/16
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES				
Non-depreciable Assets:				
Land	\$ 5,724,864	\$ 846,223	\$ -	\$ 6,571,087
Construction-in-Progress	115,429	649,147	(115,429)	649,147
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Buildings	18,854,273	586,883	-	19,441,156
Improvements	2,416,001	191,724		2,607,725
Equipment & Furniture	4,121,716	216,994	-	4,338,710
Ballfields	521,025	54,516	-	575,541
Infrastructure	32,190,755	24,000		32,214,755
Total at Historical Cost	63,944,063	2,569,487	(115,429)	66,398,121
Less Accumulated Deprecia	tion:			
Buildings	(4,552,633)	(467,143)	-	(5,019,776)
Improvements	(1,105,833)	(123,491)	-	(1,229,324)
Equipment & Furniture	(3,529,159)	(216,797)	-	(3,745,956)
Ballfields	(267,087)	(34,735)	-	(301,822)
Infrastructure	(15,253,386)	(1,558,701)		(16,812,087)
Total Accum. Depreciation	(24,708,098)	(2,400,867)		(27,108,965)
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	3			
CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$ 39,235,965	<u>\$ 168,620</u>	\$ (115,429)	<u>\$ 39,289,156</u>

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2016, depreciation expense for governmental activities of \$2,400,867 has been included in the various functions on the statement of activities as follows:

General Government	\$	55,611
Community Development		24,546
Public Safety		16,039
Streets and Public Works	1	,704,546
Culture and Recreation		600,125
Total Governmental Depreciation	<u>\$ 2</u>	,400,867

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 3 - <u>CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)</u>

#### **Business-type Activities:**

Capital asset activity for Business-Type Activities for the year ended December 31, 2016, was as follows:

		alances /01/16	Additions		Reductions		Balances 12/31/16	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES								
Non-depreciable Assets:								
Land	\$	175,749	\$	-	\$	-	\$	175,749
Water Rights/Rights-of-Wa	ay 8	,145,605		-		-		8,145,605
Work-in-Progress	5.	,376,248		554,717		-		5,930,965
Depreciable Capital Assets:								
Buildings		110,000		-		-		110,000
Equipment & Furniture	1.	,545,275		20,349		-		1,565,624
Lines, Meters, Plant	45.	,087,043		612,899		-		45,699,942
Total at Historical Cost	60.	,439,920		1,187,965		-		61,627,885
Less Accumulated Deprecia	tion:							
Buildings		(46,750)		(2,750)		_		(49,500)
Equipment & Furniture	(1.	,357,085)		(70,045)		-		(1,427,130)
Lines, Meters, Plant	(10	,166,138)		(809,965)		-	(	(10,976,103)
Total Accum. Depreciation	(11.	,569,973)		(882,760)	_	-	(	(12,452,733)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$48.9	369 <b>,</b> 947	\$	305,205	\$	_	\$	49,175,152
Chillad Abberts, Net	$\psi + U, C$	)U),)T/	Ψ	202,202	Ψ		Ψ	T/,1/J,1J4

Business type activities work-in-progress in the amount of \$5,930,966 includes Water Fund costs in the amount of \$5,493,437 to acquire water rights and improvements that are being made to L.E.D.E. Reservoir. Accumulated costs also include interest charges in the amounts of \$815 in 2016 and \$132,331 to date. There is also \$38,241 in Sewer Fund costs associated with the construction of a composting area within the Town and \$399,289 in the Water Fund related to electrical and control panel upgrades at the Mosher Plant.

For the fiscal year ending December 31, 2016, depreciation expense of \$852,760 for business-type activities has been included in the various functions on the statement of activities as follows:

Water Utility	\$ 465,614
Sewer Utility	370,546
Sanitation Utility	 46,600
Total Business-type Depreciation	\$ 882,760

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 4 - DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES

In the business-type activities, a loss connected with the 2000 Sewer Fund bond refunding has been deferred and is being amortized over the term of the debt issue. The following schedule summarizes the amortization of these costs.

	Unamortized	Current Year	Current	Unamortized		
Business-Type	Balance	Deferred	Year	Balance		
Activities	1/1/16	Additions	Amortization	12/31/16		
Sewer Fund:						
Loss on Refunding	\$ 32,004	\$ -	\$ (10,333)	\$ 21,671		
Total Business-T	Type					
Deferred Charge	s <u>\$ 32,004</u>	\$ -	\$ (10,333)	\$ 21,671		

#### NOTE 5 - <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS</u>

Changes in the Town's long-term obligations during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016 are as follows:

	Balances 01/01/16	 Additions	R	eductions	Balances 12/31/16	D	Amounts ue Within One Year
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES							
Notes/Leases:							
- COP	\$2,336,441	\$ -	\$	(79,501)	\$2,256,940	\$	79,501
- COP Premium	14,820	-		(1,259)	13,561		1,224
- NE Nat'l. Bank	41,920	-		(41,920)	-		-
- TCF Finance	119,274	 		(31,425)	87,849		31,083
GOVERNMENTAL							
LONG-TERM							
OBLIGATIONS	\$2,512,455	\$ 	\$	(154,105)\$	2,358,350	<b>S</b>	111,808

Total compensated absences for governmental activities, consisting of accrued vacation and sick pay, in the amount of \$238,366 have been accrued on the financial statements and are not anticipated to be satisfied in the current period.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

	Balances 01/01/16	Additions	Reductions	Balances 12/31/16	Amounts Due Within One Year
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Notes/Leases: COP COP Premium CWCB Loan	\$ 308,559 2,326 480,098	\$ - 2,209,633	\$ (10,499) <sub>.</sub> (198)	\$ 298,060 2,128 2,689,731	\$ 10,499 192
Bonds: Series 2009 Bond Premium/ Discount	1,690,000 (7,250)	- 	(305,000)	1,385,000 (5,209)	315,000 (1,843)
BUSINESS-TYPE LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS	\$ 2,473,733	\$ 2,209,633	\$ (313,656 <u>)</u>	<u>\$ 4,369,710</u>	\$ 323,848

Total compensated absences for business-type activities, consisting of accrued vacation and sick pay, in the amount of \$88,551 has been accrued on the financial statements and are not anticipated to be satisfied in the current period.

The premium on the Series 2010 Certificates of Participation is being accreted over the term of the certificates. Since the obligation is being carried in both the Town's governmental and business type activities, the current year accretion in the amount of \$1,457 has been allocated as \$1,259 and \$198 to the governmental and business type activities, respectively.

The premium on the Series 2009 Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds is being accreted over the term of the note and the remaining unamortized OID on the 2000 sewer bonds that were refinanced in 2009 are being amortized over the term of the note. The total current year net (accretion)/amortization in the amount of \$2,041 is included in the business type activities of the Sewer Utility function.

#### Governmental Activities:

#### A. Financing Lease - Series 2010 Certificates of Participation UMB Bank

The Town entered into a financing lease agreement dated January 14, 2010 in the amount of \$3,150,000 with UMB Bank N.A., Denver, Colorado. The Certificates of Participation, Series 2010 evidencing undivided interests in the right to receive certain revenues from the Town were used for the acquisition of the Cotton Ranch Golf Course, a separate parcel of land within the Town, and to finance the Town's participation in the construction of the new library with the Library District pursuant to an Intergovernmental Agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued):

#### A. Financing Lease - Series 2010 Certificates of Participation UMB Bank (continued):

The COP's interest rates range from 4% to 5% with interest payable on June 1 and December 1, and principal payments due December 1 until the year 2034. The leased property consists of approximately 18,389 square feet, gross area, of the Gypsum, Colorado Town Hall Building, including the 13,308 square foot Town Hall portion and the 5,081 square foot Public Library portion. The lease is subject to annual appropriations by the Town.

The Certificates maturing in the year 2018 and thereafter are subject to optional redemption prior to their respective maturity dates, in whole or in part in such order as may be determined by the Town on December, 1, 2017 and on any interest payment date, thereafter, at an amount equal to the principal amount of each Certificate so redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the redemption date. Mandatory sinking fund redemption requirement in 2020, 2028 and 2034 are included in the debt service schedules below.

The obligation is being carried in the Town's governmental and business type activities. The \$3,150,000 of debt has been allocated to the following funds based on the values of the assets purchased with the proceeds.

\$ 2,782,528
367,472
\$ 3,150,000

The annual requirements to amortize the Governmental Activities portion of the Series 2010 financed debt are as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 79,501	\$ 109,402	\$ 188,903
2018	83,918	106,222	190,140
2019	88,334	102,865	191,199
2020	92,751	99,332	192,083
2021	97,168	95,621	192,789
2022-2026	560,922	400,596	961,518
2027-2031	274,341	244,465	968,806
2032-2034	530,005	53,884	583,889
Total Certificates Payable – Governmental Activities	\$ 2,256,940	<u>\$1,212,387</u>	\$ 3,469,327

The debt service payments are included in the Parks and Recreation Fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Governmental Activities (continued):

#### B. Lease Payable - Nebraska National Bank

The Town entered into a lease purchase agreement dated October 31, 2010 in the amount of \$265,951 with Nebraska National Bank, subject to annual appropriation, interest rate of 4.25% with thirty (30) seasonal payments of \$8,650 due in the months of April through September until 2016. The agreement provided for lease-purchase of seventy (70) 2010 Club Car Precedent golf carts capitalized in general fixed assets at a cost of \$265,951 with current year depreciation of \$0 and accumulated depreciation in the amount of \$265,951. Expenditures for payments made on this lease are reflected as lease expense for golf course operations in the Parks and Recreation Fund. Final payment on the lease was made in 2016.

#### <u>Lease Payable – TCF Equipment Finance</u>

The Town entered into a lease purchase agreement effective January 1, 2015 in the amount of \$149,567 with TCF Equipment Finance, subject to annual appropriation, interest rate of 3.39% with sixty (60) monthly payments of \$2,714 until 2019. The agreement provided for lease-purchase of three rotary mowers capitalized in general fixed assets at a cost of \$149,567 with current year depreciation of \$29,913 and accumulated depreciation in the amount of \$59,826. Expenditures for payments made on this lease are reflected as lease expense for golf course operations in the Parks and Recreation Fund. The annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ending						
December 31	Principal		al Interest			Total
2017	\$	30,048	\$	2,514	\$	32,562
2018		31,083		1,479		32,562
2019		26,718		418		27,136
Total Lease Payable –	\$	87,849	\$	4,411	\$	92,260
Total Leases Payable -	Φ.	07.040	Φ.		Φ.	00.000
Governmental Activities	\$	87,849	\$	<u>4,411</u>	\$	92,260

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 5 - <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)</u>

Business-Type Activities:

#### A. Intergovernmental Loans - CWCB

The Town entered into a loan agreement dated July 14, 2009 between the Department of Natural Resources Colorado Water Conservation Board (CWCB) and the Town of Gypsum Water Activity Enterprises for the reconstruction of the LEDE Ditch & Reservoir upgrades. The Colorado Water Conservation Board has approved a loan with a maximum amount of \$2,689,731 for 90% of the project costs and a 1% loan service charge with interest at 4.50% per annum and a repayment term of 30 years. At December 31, 2016 the project was substantially complete and the remaining funds of 2,209,633 were drawn by the Town. In total the Town has drawn \$2,689,731 on the loan which is secured by water user charges and fees. The loan is a 30 year loan maturing January 1, 2047 and is payable in annual installments (beginning January 1, 2018) of \$165,127. As part of the debt covenants a reserve account in the amount of one – tenth the annual payment (\$16,513) has been created. The obligation is carried in the Water Utility Enterprise business type activity and is \$2,689,731 as of December 31, 2016. The Town's annual debt service is as follows:

Year Ending			
December 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2018	44,089	121,038	165,127
2019	46,073	119,054	165,127
2020	48,146	116,981	165,127
2021	50,312	114,814	165,126
2022-2026	287,632	538,001	825,633
2027-2031	358,442	467,191	825,633
2032-2036	446,684	378,950	825,634
2037-2014	556,650	268,984	825,634
2042-2046	693,687	131,947	825,634
2047	<u>158,016</u>	7,111	165,127
	\$ 2,689,731	\$ 2,264,071	\$ 4,953,802

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Business-type Activities (continued):

#### B. Financing Lease Payable- Series 2010 Certificates of Participation UMB Bank -

As described above, the Town has entered into a financing agreement with UMB Bank on January 14, 2010 for the acquisition of Cotton Ranch Golf Course and other property within the Town Limits and the construction cost share of the Public Library. The original debt obligation in the amount of \$367,472 represents the Water Fund's portion of \$3,150,000 of debt proceeds directly related to the cost of the water rights received in the purchase of the Cotton Ranch Golf Course which have been capitalized in the Water Utility enterprise activity. The obligation is being carried in the Town's Water Utility enterprise business type activity. The annual requirements to amortize the Business-type portion of the Series 2010 debt are as follows:

Year Ending					
December 31	 Principal		Interest	Total	
2017	\$ 10,499	\$	14,448	\$	24,947
2018	11,082		14,028		25,110
2019	11,666		13,585		25,251
2020	12,249		13,118		25,367
2021	12,832		12,629		25,461
2022-2026	74,078		52,904		126,982
2027-2031	95,659		32,285		127,944
2032-2034	 69,995		7,116		77,111
Total Certificates Payable –					
Business-type Activities	\$ 298,060	\$	160,113	\$	458,173

#### C. Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009

The Town issued \$3,355,000 of Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds dated November 17, 2009 for the purpose of refunding the District's outstanding Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2000, and paying the costs of issuance. The advance refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$193,318. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deferred outflow of resources, is being amortized and charged to operations through the year 2020 using the effective-interest method. The Town completed the advance refunding to reduce its total debt service payments through December 1, 2020 by \$684,027 and obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$291,919.

Interest rates range from 2.25% to 4.00% payable semiannually on June 1 and December 1, with annual principal payments through December 1, 2020, unless the bonds are redeemed earlier. The bonds are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the Town, as a whole or in integral multiples of \$5,000, in any order of maturity and in whole or partial maturities, on December 1, 2015 and on any payment date thereafter upon payment of par and accrued interest, without a redemption premium. The bonds are sewer revenue bonds, payable solely from net revenues derived by the Town from operation of the wastewater treatment system. Current year net revenues (as defined in the bond issue) in the Sewer Fund were \$646,939 compared to the debt service requirement in the amount of \$370,400.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 5 - <u>LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)</u>

Business-type Activities (continued):

#### C. Sewer Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2009 - continued

The obligation is carried in the Town's Sewer Utility enterprise business-type activity. The Town's annual debt service is as follows:

Year Ending	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 315,000	\$ 55,400	\$ 370,400
2018	350,000	42,800	392,800
2019	350,000	28,800	378,800
2020	370,000	14,800	384,800
Total Bonds Payable –			
<b>Business Type Activities</b>	\$ 1,385,000	<u>\$ 141,800</u>	\$ 1,526,800

#### NOTE 6 - OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Town leases four vehicles under separate four year operating leases, subject to annual appropriation. Monthly payments are \$484 on one lease expiring February 17, 2017, \$515 for one lease expiring February 20, 2017 and \$472 each for two leases expiring November 23, 2018. Rent expense amounted to \$23,319 during 2016. Future minimum lease payments of the Town's long-term operating leases are as follows:

2017	\$ 13,332
2018	10,388
Total	\$ 23,720

#### NOTE 7 - DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN

In 1998 the Town adopted a Deferred Compensation Plan (Plan) within the scope of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code. The Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (CCOERA) administer the Plan. All assets of the Plan are held in the CCOERA Deferred Compensation Plan Trust (Trust) for the exclusive benefit of participants and their beneficiaries. CCOERA is trustee of the Trust. The Plan is funded through employee contributions and the Town has no legal obligation for paying benefits. All regular, permanent and full-time employees of the Town are eligible to participate in the Plan. Eligible employees may participate in the Plan on the first day of the month following commencement of employment with the Town.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 8 - MONEY PURCHASE PENSION PLAN

In 1998 the Town adopted a defined contribution Money Purchase Pension Plan (Plan) within the scope of Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code to provide retirement benefits exclusively for the participants and their beneficiaries. The Colorado County Officials and Employees Retirement Association (CCOERA) is the Trustee for plan assets held in the CCOERA Money Purchase Pension Plan Trust (Trust). Pension expense is recognized equal to contributions that the terms of the plan require in return for employee service in that year, as reduced by forfeitures under the plan. There are no forfeiture provisions from employee accounts under the plan beyond vesting as described in the following paragraph, and the Town has no legal obligation for paying benefits.

Full-time employees become eligible after six months of service with the Town and are required, as a condition of employment, to participate in the Plan immediately upon eligibility. Through payroll withholdings remitted to CCOERA, employees contribute 7% of regular compensation which totaled \$166,199 during the year. The Town contributes a matching 7% of eligible compensation which was \$166,199 during the current fiscal year. Total covered payroll for the year subject to participation was \$2,374,273 compared to total payroll of \$2,854,847. Participants are 33 1/3% vested in employer contributions each year with 100% vesting after three years. The Town has no other liability under the plan.

Additional information can be obtained from the separately issued CCOERA financial statements by contacting CCOERA at 1666 South University Boulevard, Denver, CO 80210 or (303) 698-0313.

#### *NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS*

- A. Cost Recovery Agreements Water and Sewer Taps The Town has entered into subdivision improvement agreements with various land developers. Some of the agreements contain provisions that provide for payments to the developers for portions of water and sewer tap fees that will be collected by the Town. No obligations exist and a liability is not recorded until the Town actually collects the tap fees.
- B. The Town entered into an agreement dated October 23, 2012, with COSTCO Wholesale Corporation for five years starting in 2013 in exchange for COSTCO's decision to continue to operate the COSTCO facility within the Town's boundaries. The facility will provide substantial benefit to the Town and public such as increased employment, long-term taxed based growth and related economic benefits, as well as increased development occupancy and design quality to the Airport Gateway development within the Town. Under the agreement, the Town is to provide an annual sales tax rebate of a portion of the sales tax attributable to the COSTCO facility. The 2016 rebate was \$293,133. There is one calendar years remaining on this agreement.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS December 31, 2016

#### *NOTE 10 - CONTINGENCIES*

During the normal course of business, the Town incurs claims and other assertions against it from various agencies and individuals. Management of the Town and their legal representatives consider the majority of claims or assertions to be without merit and believe the outcome will not materially affect the fairness of the presentation of the financial statements at December 31, 2016.

Litigation concerning a Petition in Condemnation has resulted in a claim in the amount of \$165,878.50 for fees and costs. The Town has objected to this claim and is waiting on the Court to set a hearing.

#### NOTE 11 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to the risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God.

The Town is a member of the Colorado Intergovernmental Risk Sharing Agency (CIRSA). CIRSA is a joint self-insurance pool created by an intergovernmental agreement of 163 municipalities to provide property, general and automobile liability, public official, and workers compensation coverage to its members. A seven member Board elected by and from its members governs CIRSA. Coverage is provided through pooling of self-insured losses and the purchase of excess insurance coverage. CIRSA has a legal obligation for claims against its members to the extent that funds are available in its annually established loss fund and amounts that are available from insurance providers under excess specific and aggregate insurance contracts. Losses incurred in excess of loss funds and amounts recoverable from excess insurance are direct liabilities of the participating members. CIRSA has indicated that the amount of any excess losses would be billed to members in proportion to their contributions in the year such excess occurs, although it is not legally required to do so.

There is no current or long-term debt outstanding and the above liabilities include reserves for incurred claims and an estimated liability for incurred but not reported claims at December 31, 2016. No claim or judgment liability has been recorded in the Town's financial statements as the risk of liability is pooled with other members under CIRSA. The Town's settled claims have not exceeded their insurance coverage in any of the last three years. Additional information may be obtained from separately issued CIRSA financial statements by contacting CIRSA at 950 South Cherry Street, Suite 800, Denver, CO 80246 or (303) 757-5475.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 12- INTERGOVERNMENTAL AGREEMENTS

#### **Gypsum Community Recreation Center Agreement**

The Town and Western Eagle County Metropolitan Recreation District entered into an agreement for the construction, ownership and operation of a community recreation facility located in Gypsum, Colorado. The District is responsible for the operation and maintenance of the community recreation center and the Town retains full fee simple title to the community center and community center site. In 2016, the Recreation Center encountered a surplus in operations; therefore, as stated in the agreement, a contribution equal to one-half of the operating deficit, \$0 was made to the District during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, and is reflected in the General Fund.

#### NOTE 13 - COMPLIANCE

#### A. TABOR Amendment

Colorado voters passed an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20, which imposes several limitations, including revenue raising, spending abilities, and other specific requirements of state and local governments. In 1994, the Town's electorate voted to allow the Town to collect, retain, and expend revenues notwithstanding any of TABOR's restrictions.

TABOR also requires local governments to establish emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These reserves are required to be 3% or more of fiscal year spending (excluding voter approved debt service). The required reserve at December 31, 2016 is \$270,000.

The Amendment is complex and subject to judicial interpretation. The Town believes it is in compliance with the requirements of the Amendment. However, the entity has made certain interpretations of the Amendment's language in order to determine its compliance.

#### B. Sewer Revenue Bond Covenants

The Town was in compliance with both the rate covenant and the minimum reserve fund covenant.

#### C. <u>Certificates of Participation Series 2010 Financing Lease Covenants</u>

The Town was in compliance with the minimum reserve fund requirements.

#### D. Colorado Water Conservation Board Loan Covenants

The Town was in compliance with the minimum reserve fund requirements.

#### E. Aviation Fuel Sales Tax

The Aviation Fuel Tax Calculation Report and tracking of related revenue and expenditures has been prepared by management and is in compliance with the FAA Revenue Use Policy. No liabilities exist at December 31, 2016.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2016

#### NOTE 13 - COMPLIANCE (continued)

#### F. Contraband

The Colorado Contraband Forfeiture Act (C.R.S. 16-13-501 to 511) addresses the accounting for proceeds from the seizure of contraband. These funds must be used for the specific purpose of law enforcement activities. While these proceeds are exempt from the appropriation process, they are subject to Local Government Audit Law (C.R.S. 29-1-601 to 608). For the year ended December 31, 2016 no such proceeds were received by the Town and as such are not included in the Town's audited financial statements.

#### NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated events subsequent to December 31, 2016 through the issuance date of this report. There have been no material events noted during this period that would impact the result reflected in this report or the Town's results going forward.

### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

# BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES FOR THE GENERAL FUND AND SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

### TOWN OF GYPSUM, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

Revenues:		Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual		Variance Favorable Jnfavorable)
Taxes Licenses and Permits Intergovernmental Charges for Services Community Development Miscellaneous Sale of Fixed Assets Interest	\$	6,575,625 46,200 365,000 45,800 344,150 169,553	\$ 6,595,640 54,947 374,000 68,610 1,191,976 194,889	\$	6,609,242 51,606 374,725 73,833 1,716,854 196,043	\$	13,602 (3,341) 725 5,223 524,878 1,154 - 3,045
Total Revenues		7,551,348	8,500,082	_	9,045,368		545,286
Expenditures:							
General Government Community Development Public Safety Streets and Public Works Culture and Recreation Economic Development Capital Outlay  Total Expenditures  Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,588,159 912,825 905,875 1,849,900 853,145 515,050 563,780 7,188,734	 1,657,613 981,520 900,875 1,725,750 877,014 545,520 1,500,930 8,189,222		1,622,970 943,815 904,263 1,430,137 748,985 497,661 1,953,261 8,101,092		34,643 37,705 (3,388) 295,613 128,029 47,859 (452,331) 88,130
Other Financing Sources and (Uses): Transfers from Other Funds Transfers (to) Other Funds		4,934 (1,319,000)	 6,004 (1,319,000)		6,005 (1,319,000)		1
Excess Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		(951,452)	(1,002,136)		(368,719)		633,417
Fund Balances – Beginning		2,399,779	 2,821,401		3,428,941		607,540
Fund Balances – Ending	<u>\$</u>	1,448,327	\$ 1,819,265	\$	3,060,222	<u>\$</u>	1,240,957

## TOWN OF GYPSUM, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - CONSERVATION TRUST FUND

Revenues:	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Intergovernmental Interest	\$ 33,000 300	\$ 33,000 700	\$ 37,892 709	\$ 4,892
Total Revenues	33,300	33,700	38,601	4,901
Expenditures:				
Culture and Recreation: Capital Outlay	206,034	322,609	322,609	<del>-</del>
Total Expenditures	206,034	322,609	322,609	
Excess Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(172,734)	(288,909)	(284,008)	4,901
Fund Balances – Beginning	172,734	294,726	294,725	(1)
Fund Balances – Ending	<u>\$</u>	\$ 5,817	\$ 10,717	<u>\$ 4,900</u>

## TOWN OF GYPSUM, COLORADO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

Revenues:	Original Budget			Final Budget		Actual	]	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Revenues.									
Charges for Services	\$	699,500	\$	746,987	\$	738,226	\$	(8,761)	
Interest		50		200		2,532		2,332	
Sale of Assets				2,700		2,700			
Total Revenues		699,550	_	749,887		743,458		(6,429)	
Expenditures:									
Golf Course Operations		1,069,016		1,118,765		992,519		126,246	
Capital Outlay		20,000		721,583		665,789		55,794	
Debt Service:									
Debt Payor Fees		2,250		2,250		1,500		750	
Principal		79,501		79,501		79,501		-	
Interest		112,582		112,582		112,582			
Total Expenditures		1,283,349		2,034,681		1,851,891		182,790	
Excess Revenues Over									
(Under) Expenditures		(583,799)		(1,284,794)		(1,108,433)		176,361	
Other Financing Sources and (Uses):									
Transfer from Other Funds		1,319,000	_	1,319,000		1,319,000		-	
Excess Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses		735,201		34,206		210,567		176,361	
Fund Balances – Beginning		24,913	_	44,430		56,572		12,142	
Fund Balances –	¢.	760 114	¢	70.626	¢	267 120	¢	100 502	
Ending	\$	760,114	\$	78,636	<u> 7</u>	267,139	\$	188,503	

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

### SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
REVENUES & OTHER FINANCING SOU	JRCES:			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT: Taxes				
	\$ 595,625	\$ 595,640	\$ 593,718	\$ (1,922)
Specific Ownership	27,000	27,000	28,205	1,205
Franchise	230,000	250,000	243,941	(6,059)
Sales and Use	5,030,000	5,030,000	5,022,572	(7,428)
Real Estate Transfer	675,000	675,000	703,291	28,291
Cigarette	18,000	18,000	17,515	(485)
Total Taxes	6,575,625	6,595,640	6,609,242	13,602
Licenses and Permits				
Liquor and Business	46,200	54,947	51,606	(3,341)
TOTAL LICENSES AND PERMITS	46,200	54,947	51,606	(3,341)
Intergovernmental Revenues				
Highway Users Tax	245,000	250,000	260,262	10,262
County Road and Bridge Tax	90,000	90,000	78,974	(11,026)
Motor Vehicle Tax	30,000	34,000	35,489	1,489
TOTAL INTERGOVENMENTAL	365,000	374,000	374,725	725
Administrative Charges				
Reimbursements and Rentals	6,500	6,710	10,259	3,549
Miscellaneous Admin Charges	39,300	61,900	63,574	1,674
TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE CHARGES	45,800	68,610	73,833	5,223
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT:				
Variance and Subdivision	4,250	17,956	25,431	7,475
Building Permits	172,200	227,850	237,223	9,373
Impact fees	22,700	196,987	198,998	2,011
Reimbursed Professional Fees	100,000	130,000	144,004	14,004
Grant - DOLA	-	332,433	283,625	(48,808)
Capital Contribution	-	127,650	777,650	650,000
Grant - CPW	-	114,100	-	(114,100)
Community Enhancement Fund	45,000	45,000	49,923	4,923
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEV CHARGES	344,150	1,191,976	1,716,854	524,878
MISCELLANEOUS REVENUES:				
Municipal Court - Violations	43,000	35,350	35,236	(114)
Special Events	83,150	98,081	98,082	1
Miscellaneous	43,403	61,458	62,725	1,267
Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-
Interest Income	5,020	20,020	23,065	3,045
TOTAL MISC/OTHER REVENUES	174,573	214,909	219,108	4,199
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Transfers In	4,934	6,004	6,005	1
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	4,934	6,004	6,005	1_
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 7,556,282	\$ 8,506,086	\$ 9,051,373	\$ 545,287

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES– BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANC	CING USES:			
GENERAL GOVERNMENT:				
Salaries	\$ 505,500	\$ 516,400	\$ 530,466	\$ (14,066)
Payroll Taxes	39,750	40,000	39,461	539
Employee Benefits	160,160	160,000	130,190	29,810
Office Supplies	12,000	12,000	12,891	(891)
Utilities and Telephone	71,150	82,459	78,024	4,435
Professional Services	289,000	330,100	350,516	(20,416)
Auto and Travel	17,500	17,500	13,985	3,515
Equipment and Ground Maintenance	71,030	71,030	75,320	(4,290)
Professional Development	15,000	15,000	15,040	(40)
Council Compensation	27,600	27,600	27,600	-
<b>Economic and Public Relations</b>	14,500	16,500	16,183	317
Publications	7,500	7,500	5,853	1,647
Insurance	170,100	160,000	159,990	10
Community Support/Contributions	144,669	158,169	128,167	30,002
County Treasurer's Fees	17,500	17,500	14,730	2,770
Miscellaneous	25,200	25,855	24,554	1,301
TOTAL GENERAL GOVERNMEN	NT <u>1,588,159</u>	1,657,613	1,622,970	34,643
COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT:				
Salaries	458,900	475,700	479,023	(3,323)
Payroll Taxes	36,600	36,600	36,241	359
Employee Benefits	117,825	151,000	133,303	17,697
Supplies	8,000	8,000	5,248	2,752
Professional Services	255,500	278,620	252,281	26,339
Auto and Travel	8,400	7,900	6,740	1,160
Equipment Maintenance	3,500	3,500	8,906	(5,406)
Professional Development	4,150	3,000	2,230	770
Wildlife Mitigation	3,900	3,000	2,967	33
Miscellaneous	16,050	14,200	16,876	(2,676)
TOTAL COMMUNITY DEVELOPME	NT <u>912,825</u>	981,520	943,815	37,705
PUBLIC SAFETY:				
Law Enforcement Contract	826,875	826,875	826,875	-
Animal Control Contract	24,000	24,000	24,553	(553)
Municipal Court Expenses	35,000	35,000	43,671	(8,671)
Equipment Maintenance	15,000	10,000	8,135	1,865
Utilities	1,500	1,500	1,029	471
Miscellaneous	3,500	3,500		3,500
TOTAL PUBLIC SAFETY	905,875	900,875	904,263	(3,388)

(continued on next page)

### SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES– BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

	Original	Final	Actual	Variance Favorable
(continued)	Budget	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	(Unfavorable)
STREETS AND PUBLIC WORKS:				
Salaries	\$ 578,000	\$ 578,000	\$ 569,085	\$ 8,915
Payroll Taxes	45,100	45,300	42,990	2,310
Employee Benefits	229,900	226,950	210,585	16,365
Supplies	12,000	12,000	5,746	6,254
Utilities	40,200	44,200	44,413	(213)
Road and Bridge Maintenance	250,000	250,000	173,374	76,626
Street Lighting Maintenance	60,100	62,100	58,757	3,343
<b>Building and Grounds Maintenance</b>	65,000	65,000	73,570	(8,570)
Equipment Maintenance	85,000	78,000	80,159	(2,159)
Auto and Travel	6,700	6,700	6,138	562
Miscellaneous	477,900	357,500	165,320	192,180
TOTAL STREETS AND PUBLIC WOR	KS <u>1,849,900</u>	1,725,750	1,430,137	295,613
CULTURE AND RECREATION:				
Salaries	207,200	213,000	220,397	(7,397)
Payroll Taxes	17,928	18,028	17,685	343
Employee Benefits	61,870	74,870	67,004	7,866
Parks Maintenance	67,500	82,520	69,777	12,743
Amphitheater	10,950	11,950	10,686	1,264
Golf Course Facility Maintenance	60,147	60,147	4,740	55,407
Mosquito Control	18,250	18,250	18,250	-
Special Events	357,800	346,749	339,788	6,961
Subsidy to WECMRD	50,000	50,000	=	50,000
Miscellaneous	1,500	1,500	658	842
TOTAL CULTURE AND RECREATION	N <u>853,145</u>	877,014	748,985	128,029
ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT:				
Enhancement Fund Reserve	45,000	45,000	-	45,000
Wildlife Mitigation	2,000	2,000	-	2,000
Sales Tax Rebate	295,000	295,000	293,133	1,867
Sales Tax Settlement	-	20,640	20,639	1
Recycling Center	4,200	4,200	4,200	-
Economic Development	168,850	178,680	179,689	(1,009)
TOTAL ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT	515,050	545,520	497,661	47,859
CAPITAL OUTLAY:				
General Government	100,730	257,867	945,626	(687,759)
Community Development	20,500	20,500	17,432	3,068
Public Safety	10,500	10,500	-	10,500
Streets and Public Works	233,600	235,100	190,096	45,004
Culture and Recreation	198,450	976,963	800,107	176,856
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY	563,780	1,500,930	1,953,261	(452,331)
OTHER FINANCING USES:				
Transfers to Other Funds	1,319,000	1,319,000	1,319,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	1,319,000	1,319,000	1,319,000	<del></del>
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND				
OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 8,507,734	\$ 9,508,222	\$ 9,420,092	\$ 88,130

### ${\bf TOWN~OF~GYPSUM,COLORADO}\\ {\bf SCHEDULE~OF~REVENUES~AND~OTHER~FINANCING~SOURCES~-~BUDGET~AND~ACTUAL}\\$ PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

	Original Budget	Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
General Revenues				
Interest Income	\$ 50	\$ 200	\$ 2,532	\$ 2,332
Sale of Assets		2,700	2,700	
Total General Revenues	50	2,900	5,232	2,332
GOLF COURSE ACTIVITIES:				
<u>Charges for Services</u>				
Annual Passes	125,000	125,000	112,747	(12,253)
Beverage Cart Sales	500	500	418	(82)
Cart Rentals	50,000	56,013	56,258	245
Green Fees	350,000	386,000	388,565	2,565
Merchandise Sales	60,000	76,930	76,493	(437)
Restaurant Rental	35,000	25,000	27,066	2,066
Utility Reimbursement	29,000	15,000	14,406	(594)
Other Revenue	50,000	62,544	62,273	(271)
Total Charges for Services	699,500	746,987	738,226	(8,761)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES:				
Transfers from Other Funds	1,319,000	1,319,000	1,319,000	-
<b>Total Other Financing Sources</b>	1,319,000	1,319,000	1,319,000	
TOTAL REVENUES AND				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	\$ 2,018,550	\$ 2,068,887	\$ 2,062,458	<u>\$ (6,429)</u>

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	 Original Budget	 Final Budget	 Actual	]	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
GOLF COURSE ACTIVITIES:					
Pro Shop					
Salaries	\$ 210,000	\$ 210,000	\$ 184,683	\$	25,317
Taxes	13,100	13,100	13,692		(592)
Benefits	50,600	54,600	47,664		6,936
Dues and Permits	5,500	5,500	4,874		626
Education	1,500	1,500	493		1,007
Supplies	18,200	18,340	12,599		5,741
Resale Items	66,000	73,500	72,579		921
Repairs and Maintenance	 4,000	 8,500	 7,848		652
Total Pro Shop	 368,900	 385,040	 344,432		40,608
Driving Range					
Supplies	 19,500	 23,000	 16,599		6,401
Total Driving Range	 19,500	 23,000	 16,599		6,401
Cart Department					
Salaries	42,000	48,300	48,225		75
Taxes	2,880	4,000	3,689		311
Benefits	120	150	145		5
Supplies	750	750	386		364
Repairs and Maintenance	10,720	11,020	8,543		2,477
Capital Lease	 42,516	 46,000	 45,936		64
Total Cart Department	 98,986	 110,220	 106,924		3,296
Course and Maintenance					
Salaries	219,000	219,100	198,596		20,504
Taxes	16,900	16,900	15,193		1,707
Benefits	45,500	45,500	37,850		7,650
Dues and Permits	1,267	1,267	1,093		174
Education	750	750	713		37
Supplies	53,750	54,300	49,806		4,494
Repairs and Maintenance	58,000	55,500	38,053		17,447
Equipment Rental	1,500	1,500	1,224		276
Utilities	32,000	46,000	27,902		18,098
Capital Lease	 32,563	 32,563	 35,276		(2,713)
Total Course and Maintenance	 461,230	 473,380	 405,706		67,674

(continued on next page)

## SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PARKS AND RECREATION FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

(continued)

		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
<u>Administration</u>								
Advertising and Promotion	\$	40,250	\$	40,250	\$	38,139	\$	2,111
Benefits		7,200		6,125		6,125		-
Bank Charges		13,300		13,300		12,582		718
Office Supplies & Dues		12,450		13,050		10,411		2,639
Equipment Repairs and Maintenance		8,000		9,700		12,565		(2,865)
Utilities		35,000		40,300		35,840		4,460
Miscellaneous		1,500		1,700		1,623		77
Operating Lease		1,200		1,200		1,051		149
Total Administration		118,900		125,625		118,336		7,289
Facility Expenses								
Facility Repairs and Maintenance		1,500		1,500		522		978
Total Facility		1,500		1,500		522		978
TOTAL GOLF COURSE								
EXPENDITURES		1,069,016		1,118,765		992,519		126,246
EAF ENDIT ORES		1,009,010	_	1,110,703	_	992,319		120,240
CAPITAL OUTLAY:								
Golf Course		20,000		721,583		665,789		55,794
TOTAL CAPITAL OUTLAY		20,000		721,583		665,789		55,794
DEBT SERVICE:								
Debt Payor Fees		2,250		2,250		1,500		750
Principal		79,501		79,501		79,501		-
Interest		112,582		112,582		112,582		
TOTAL DEBT SERVICES		194,333		194,333		193,583		750
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND								
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND	Φ	1 202 240	Ф	2.024.601	Φ	1.051.001	Φ	102.700
OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	1,283,349	\$	2,034,681	\$	1,851,891	\$	182,790

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION PROPRIETARY (ENTERPRISE) FUNDS

## SCHEDULE OF BUDGETARY BASED REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET TO ACTUAL - WATER ENTERPRISE FUND

For the Year Ended December 31, 2016

	Water Enterprise Fund						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
Revenues: Service Fees Other Revenues	\$ 1,000,000 20,636	\$ 1,070,000 29,059	\$ 1,085,768 29,508	\$ 15,768 449			
Tap Fees	175,000	322,500	320,267	(2,233)			
Developer Contributions	175,000	10,810	10,810	(2,233)			
Dedication Fees	100,000	283,143	140,130	(143,013)			
Interest Income	3,000	6,000	7,853	1,853			
CWCB Loan Proceeds			2,209,633				
	-	2,183,002		26,631			
CO River Water Grant	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	37,500	37,500			
Total Budgetary Based Revenues	1,298,636	3,904,514	3,841,469	(63,045)			
Expenditures: System Operations:							
Salaries	317,000	317,000	294,873	22,127			
Payroll Taxes	23,050	23,050	23,326	(276)			
Employee Benefits	99,850	98,800	93,706	5,094			
Utilities	28,050	36,950	40,557	(3,607)			
Operating Supplies	30,950	36,550	35,165	1,385			
Repairs and Maintenance	110,500	110,800	42,492	68,308			
System Component Upgrades	22,500	22,500	26,879	(4,379)			
Water Purchase	15,000	15,000	14,201	799			
Eagle River Monitoring	9,000	9,000	9,000	-			
Miscellaneous	6,750	7,990	5,505	2,485			
Administration:	0,730	7,770	3,303	2,403			
Salaries	51,200	55,250	56,533	(1,283)			
Payroll Taxes	4,130	4,130	4,208	(78)			
Employee Benefits	17,800	17,800	15,475	2,325			
Office and Billing	5,000	6,500	6,583	(83)			
Dues and Permits	2,600	2,700	2,666	34			
Professional Services	150,000	150,000	95,827	54,173			
Debt Services:	10.400	10.400	10.400				
Principal	10,499	10,499	10,499	-			
Interest	14,868	14,868	14,868	-			
Capital Outlay/Noncap Outlay	77,500	1,129,648	946,457	183,191			
Total Budgetary Based Expenditures	996,247	2,069,035	1,738,820	330,215			
Budgetary Based Net Income (Loss)	302,389	1,835,479	2,102,649	267,170			
Beginning Available Funds	2,318,380	650,818	685,047	34,229			
Ending Available Funds	\$ 2,620,769	\$ 2,486,297	\$ 2,787,696	\$ 301,399			

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

### ${\bf TOWN~OF~GYPSUM, COLORADO} \\ {\bf SCHEDULE~OF~BUDGETARY~BASED~REVENUES~AND~EXPENDITURES} \\$ – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – SEWER ENTERPRISE FUND

	Sewer Enterprise Fund						
D.	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)			
Revenues:	\$ 808,000	\$ 815,050	¢ 920.020	¢ 14.000			
Service Fees	'	. ,	\$ 829,930	\$ 14,880			
Tap Fees	200,000	377,020	379,120	2,100			
Interest Income	1,500	10,000	9,449	(551)			
Other Revenues	1,200	1,243	783	(460)			
Total Budgetary Based Revenues	1,010,700	1,203,313	1,219,282	15,969			
Expenditures:							
System Operations:							
Salaries	197,564	200,564	163,185	37,379			
Payroll Taxes	13,250	13,350	12,616	734			
Employee Benefits	53,950	53,950	47,641	6,309			
Utilities	82,800	89,300	83,947	5,353			
Operating Supplies	18,850	18,900	16,918	1,982			
Repairs and Maintenance	146,500	153,000	139,011	13,989			
Miscellaneous	14,500	4,500	2,075	2,425			
Administration:							
Salaries	34,100	35,200	35,733	(533)			
Payroll Taxes	2,700	2,710	2,693	17			
Employee Benefits	11,050	11,050	9,566	1,484			
Office and Billing	5,000	6,000	6,575	(575)			
Dues and Permits	2,500	2,500	-	2,500			
Professional Services	3,500	8,500	15,566	(7,066)			
Miscellaneous	2,000	2,000	602	1,398			
Debt Services:							
Principal	305,000	305,000	305,000	-			
Interest	67,975	67,975	67,850	125			
Capital Outlay	810,000	60,000	70,604	(10,604)			
Total Budgetary Based Expenditures	1,771,239	1,034,499	979,582	54,917			
Budgetary Based Net Income (Loss)	(760,539)	168,814	239,700	70,886			
Beginning Available Funds	1,888,408	1,861,144	1,874,586	13,442			
Ending Available Funds	\$ 1,127,869	\$ 2,029,958	\$ 2,114,286	\$ 84,328			

### ${\bf TOWN~OF~GYPSUM, COLORADO} \\ {\bf SCHEDULE~OF~BUDGETARY~BASED~REVENUES~AND~EXPENDITURES} \\$ – BUDGET TO ACTUAL – SANITATION ENTERPRISE FUND

	Sanitation Enterprise Fund							
		Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual	F	Variance avorable nfavorable)
Revenues:				• • • • • • •				
Service Fees	\$	307,700	\$	308,040	\$	306,329	\$	(1,711)
Interest Income		75		900		1,033		133
Total Budgetary Based Revenues		307,775		308,940		307,362		(1,578)
Expenditures:								
System Operations:								
Salaries		55,900		55,900		58,874		(2,974)
Payroll Taxes		4,550		4,550		4,472		78
Employee Benefits		26,500		25,900		25,846		54
Supplies		27,250		27,250		24,237		3,013
Repairs and Maintenance		22,500		27,000		22,954		4,046
Landfill Fees		70,000		81,500		77,971		3,529
Administration:								
Salaries		24,690		27,225		26,398		827
Payroll Taxes		1,980		1,980		1,962		18
Employee Benefits		8,150		8,150		7,642		508
Office and Billing		5,000		6,000		6,395		(395)
Capital Outlay		170,000						
Total Budgetary Based Expenditures		416,520		265,455		256,751		8,704
Budgetary Based Net Income (Loss)		(108,745)		43,485		50,611		(7,126)
Beginning Available Funds		149,898		170,418		170,419		(1)
Ending Available Funds	\$	41,153	\$	213,903	\$	221,030	\$	(7,127)

# OTHER SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION ${\it FIDUCIARY\, FUNDS}$

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY CASH BALANCES – BUDGETARY BASIS AGENCY FUND – SPRING CREEK SID

	Spring Creek SID							
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	F	ariance avorable favorable)
ADDITIONS:								
Special Assessments Interest Income	\$	-	\$	12	\$	12	\$	-
Total Additions		-		12		12		
<u>DEDUCTIONS:</u>								
Misc. – Account Closure		4,934		6,005		6,005		
Total Deductions		4,934		6,005		6,005		
Net Change in Fiduciary Cash Balances – Budgetary Basis		(4,934)		(5,993)		(5,993)		-
Beginning Cash Balance		4,934		5,993		5,993		<u>-</u>
Ending Cash Balance	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	

## STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY CASH BALANCES – BUDGETARY BASIS AGENCY FUND – GYPSUM RECREATION CENTER CAPITAL COMMITTEE

	Gypsum Recreation Center Capital Committee					
	[NOTE: The Town of Gypsum does not adopt a budget for this agency fund]	Actual				
ADDITIONS:						
Contributions from Town of Gypsum		\$ 50,000				
Total Additions		50,000				
<u>DEDUCTIONS:</u>						
Capital Repairs & Maintenance		107,890				
Total Deductions		107,890				
Net Change in Fiduciary Funds Held on E	Behalf of Entity	(57,890)				
Beginning Fiduciary Funds Held on Beha	lf of Entity	131,904				
Ending Fiduciary Funds Held on Behalf o	of Entity	\$ 74,014				

# ANNUAL STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES FOR ROADS, BRIDGES AND STREETS

Financial Planning The public report burden for this information collection is estimated to average 380 hours annually. Form # 350-050-36 City or County: Gypsum YEAR ENDING: LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT December 2016 Prepared By: Mark Silverthorn This Information From The Records Of Town of Gypsum, Colorado Phone: 970-524-1725 I. DISPOSITION OF HIGHWAY-USER REVENUES AVAILABLE FOR LOCAL GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE A. Local Local C. Receipts from D. Receipts from ITEM **Motor-Fuel** Motor-Vehicle State Highway-Federal Highway Taxes Taxes User Taxes Administration 1. Total receipts available 2. Minus amount used for collection expenses 3. Minus amount used for nonhighway purposes 4. Minus amount used for mass transit 5. Remainder used for highway purposes II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES AMOUNT ITEM ITEM AMOUNT A. Local highway disbursements: A. Receipts from local sources: 1. Capital outlay (from page 2) 549,344 1. Local highway-user taxes a. Motor Fuel (from Item I.A.5.) 2. Maintenance: 0 b. Motor Vehicle (from Item I.B.5.) 3. Road and street services: a. Traffic control operations c. Total (a.+b.) 59,514 2. General fund appropriations 2,055,774 b. Snow and ice removal 151,897 107,179 c. Other 3. Other local imposts (from page 2) 0 4. Miscellaneous local receipts (from page 2) d. Total (a. through c.) 211,411 0 861,909 5. Transfers from toll facilities 4. General administration & miscellaneous 6. Proceeds of sale of bonds and notes: 5. Highway law enforcement and safety 836,040 0 6. Total (1 through 5) 2,458,704 a. Bonds - Original Issues 0 b. Bonds - Refunding Issues B. Debt service on local obligations: c. Notes 0 1. Bonds: 0 d. Total (a. + b. + c.)a. Interest 0 2,162,953 7. Total (1 through 6) b. Redemption 0 0 0 **B.** Private Contributions c. Total (a. + b.) 2. Notes: C. Receipts from State government 295,751 (from page 2) a. Interest 0 0 D. Receipts from Federal Government b. Redemption 0 (from page 2) 0 c. Total (a. + b.) 2,458,704 E. Total receipts (A.7 + B + C + D)3. Total (1.c + 2.c) 0 0 C. Payments to State for highways D. Payments to toll facilities E. Total disbursements (A.6 + B.3 + C + D)2,458,704 IV. LOCAL HIGHWAY DEBT STATUS (Show all entries at par) Opening Debt Amount Issued Closing Debt Redemptions A. Bonds (Total) 0 0 0 0 1. Bonds (Refunding Portion) 0 B. Notes (Total) 0 0 0 V. LOCAL ROAD AND STREET FUND BALANCE A. Beginning Balance B. Total Receipts C. Total Disbursements D. Ending Balance E. Reconciliation

2,458,704

0

Notes and Comments:

2,458,704

0

0

# STATE: Colorado LOCAL HIGHWAY FINANCE REPORT YEAR ENDING: December 2015

#### II. RECEIPTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
A.3. Other local imposts:		A.4. Miscellaneous local receipts:	
a. Property Taxes and Assessments	0	a. Interest on investments	0
b. Other local imposts:		b. Traffic Fines & Penalties	0
Sales Taxes & Use Tax	0	c. Parking Garage Fees	0
2. Infrastructure & Impact Fees	0	d. Parking Meter Fees	0
3. Liens	0	e. Sale of Surplus Property	0
4. Licenses	0	f. Charges for Services	0
5. Specific Ownership &/or Other	107,179	g. Other Misc. Receipts	0
6. Total (1. through 5.)	107,179	h. Other Road & Bridge Tax	0
c. Total (a. + b.)	107,179	i. Total (a. through h.)	0
	(Carry forward to page 1)		(Carry forward to page 1)

ITEM	AMOUNT	ITEM	AMOUNT
C. Receipts from State Government		D. Receipts from Federal Government	
Highway-user taxes	260,262	1. FHWA (from Item I.D.5.)	
2. State general funds		2. Other Federal agencies:	
3. Other State funds:		a. Forest Service	0
a. State bond proceeds		b. FEMA	0
b. Project Match		c. HUD	0
c. Motor Vehicle Registrations	35,489	d. Federal Transit Admin	0
d. Other (Specify)	0	e. U.S. Corps of Engineers	0
e. Other (Specify)	0	f. Other Federal	0
f. Total (a. through e.)	35,489	g. Total (a. through f.)	0
4. Total (1. + 2. + 3.f)	295,751	3. Total (1. + 2.g)	
			(Carry forward to page 1)

#### III. DISBURSEMENTS FOR ROAD AND STREET PURPOSES - DETAIL

	ON NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	OFF NATIONAL HIGHWAY SYSTEM	TOTAL
	(a)	(b)	(c)
A.1. Capital outlay:			
a. Right-Of-Way Costs	0	0	0
b. Engineering Costs	0	62,979	62,979
c. Construction:			
(1). New Facilities	0	0	0
(2). Capacity Improvements	0	0	0
(3). System Preservation	0	486,365	486,365
(4). System Enhancement & Operation	0	0	0
(5). Total Construction $(1) + (2) + (3) + (4)$	0	486,365	486,365
d. Total Capital Outlay (Lines 1.a. + 1.b. + 1.c.5)	0	549,344	549,344
			(Carry forward to page 1)

Notes and Comments: